Campus Safety and Security Report
2018

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Campus Resources

Procedures for Reporting and Responding to Complaints of Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Misconduct involving a Student as the Responding Party
Franklin College is dedicated to providing as safe and secure an environment as possible for all members of the campus community. The Security Office coordinates campus safety and security. The office is located in the Eli Lilly Napolitan Student Center located at 198 S. Forsythe Street. Foot and vehicular patrols are conducted 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days a year. The Security office can be contacted from off campus by calling 317-738-8888 and from on campus by dialing extension 8888.

College security officers are charged with the enforcement of college policies; the protection of college property; the reporting of violations of criminal codes and other rules and regulations; response to the campus fire alarm system; the enforcement of parking and traffic regulations; and providing a dusk-to-dawn escort service. Although security officers have no arrest powers and there is not any written “memorandum of understanding” (MOU) agreements with the Franklin City police department or the Johnson county Sheriff’s department, the Security Office maintains an outstanding working relationship with both. Liaison is also maintained with state and federal law enforcement agencies.

The office is staffed by a Director, five full-time officers, and one part-time officer. This full-time staff is supplemented with police officers and sheriff deputies on a part-time basis for additional security coverage.

**REPORTING PROCEDURES**

Members of the campus community are requested to report emergencies and criminal activity to the Director of Security or security officers by dialing the (317) 738-8888. There are also 17 emergency call boxes located on campus, 15 of which are in parking lots. The other two are located just south of the Johnson-Dietz circle in Dame Mall and north of the tennis courts in Grizzly Park. The boxes enable people to contact the security officer on duty, via the two-way radio system. When activated, a strobe light on top of the pole lights indicating there is an emergency. Additionally, when the emergency box is used, a pre-recorded message is sent to the security officer’s radio so that they will know where to respond. This is done in case the caller is unable to communicate with the officer. Emergency calls or reports of crimes may also be made directly to the Franklin City Police/Fire Departments by dialing 911 - if the emergency or crime is occurring at the time. Other crime reporting may be made to the police on the non-emergency line (317) 736-5155. When a call is made to the security office, officers will respond immediately to the situation and assess the need for additional personnel. Security or other employees receiving the report of an incident will advise victims of their option to file criminal charges with local law enforcement authorities as appropriate. Individuals with further questions about pursuing legal action can contact the campus life office for assistance.
The college acknowledges that there may be instances when a pastoral or professional counselor becomes aware of a campus crime as a result of a confidential disclosure by a client. In these situations, the counselor will inform the client of appropriate procedures to report the crime. A confidential crime report may be submitted by the client directly to the Director of Security or through the counselor.

If a crime has occurred and rapid dissemination of information to the campus is necessary, special crime alerts are prepared and distributed throughout campus. These may take the form of a text message, voice mail, and/or e-mails. These media are also utilized periodically to remind students and employees of routine security measures in which they should be engaged. Annual notice of crime statistics is provided through publication and is sent in an e-mail message to all employees and students and is posted on the college’s internal web page. Copies of this annual report are also available in the security office and are provided to all prospective students, employees and other interested persons, upon request.

**FACILITIES SECURITY**

Most campus buildings and facilities are accessible to members of the campus community and to guests and visitors during normal working hours, Monday through Friday. Some non-residential buildings are open weekends for limited hours if special events are taking place. After buildings have been secured, entry can be obtained by employees who work in a building with the proper key or identification card. Students may be given card access after closing if they have obtained prior permission from the appropriate faculty or staff member. The security office must be contacted for additional accesses to be added to a student’s ID card. Students are discouraged from working alone in buildings unless prior satisfactory arrangements have been made with the security office.

Physical Facilities personnel maintain the buildings and grounds with a concern for safety and security. When broken windows, locks or lights are reported to the security officer or discovered by officers on their daily rounds, these are reported to physical facilities. These reports are responded to quickly, and the needed repairs or replacements are made to maintain a high level of safety and security for the campus. Periodic inspections are made of all campus lighting, trees and shrubbery and emergency call boxes, and recommendations are made for improved safety measures.

All residence halls, fraternity houses and on campus homes have automatic fire alarm systems which are monitored by the security office. When an alarm is activated, the security officer will respond to determine the cause of the alarm, ensure that the building has been evacuated and allow people to return when their safety is assured.

All residence life staff members undergo thorough training in the
enforcement of residence hall security policies. Security measures, especially regarding locking of doors, are reviewed with all residents by their residence hall staff in floor or hall meetings.

When the residence halls are locked, authorized residents can obtain access with their identification cards. Residents are responsible for the actions of themselves and their guests. During breaks and the summer recess, special security procedures are established, including changing card access permissions. Any student authorized to remain on campus during breaks must be registered with the office of residence life and will be granted access on their identification card.

**DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITY ACT**
The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989 mandates institutions of higher education adopt and implement a program designed to prevent the unlawful possession, use, dispensation or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees.

Franklin College has developed this policy not only in response to the federal drug-free legislation, but also to attempt to provide a healthy environment by preventing the use of illegal drugs and the abuse of alcohol within the college community. The misuse of alcohol and the use of drugs can lead to serious health risks, such as the loss of muscle control, headaches, increased likelihood of accidents, impaired judgment, personality disorders, addiction and death.

The college prohibits the unlawful use, possession, manufacture or distribution of alcohol and other controlled substances by any member of the faculty, staff or student body on college property or at any college-sponsored function, whether on or off-campus, including college fraternity houses. The college requires the cooperation of the entire campus community in its pursuit to maintain a drug-free environment in all phases of campus life.

Any employee or student who violates this prohibition, or who does not cooperate with the college in its attempts to maintain a drug-free environment, will face disciplinary action up to and including suspension or dismissal from the college and referral for prosecution. Individuals violating any town ordinances, state criminal laws or federal laws relating to alcohol or drug possession or use also risk fines and imprisonment.

If questions arise related to any of these guidelines or policies, students should direct them to the campus life office, while employees should direct them to the human resources office. Employees and students are encouraged to familiarize themselves with resources available in the area for substance abuse, counseling and treatment.
Staff members in the Franklin College counseling and health center, as well as the college minister, are available to assist students with substance-related problems and to provide referral to community agencies. All counseling is confidential.

**EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS**
Franklin College will provide prevention and awareness training for new students as well as ongoing training for current students and employees. This training will be provided through the Office of Human Resources and the Campus Life division. All members of the college community are encouraged to participate throughout the year in ongoing campaigns and trainings focused on the prevention of sexual misconduct on campus. It is the collective responsibility of all members of the Franklin College community to foster a safe and secure campus environment.

Examples of ongoing campaigns and trainings are listed below:

- Haven Training-Dating Violence/Domestic Violence/Sexual Assault/Stalking/Bystander online training
- Safe Zone Training
- Student programming throughout the academic year
- Monthly newsletters from the Student Health Center

The college follows all federal regulations issued for reporting, training, and disciplinary proceedings. All new employees are required to participate in a training program. The college is committed to offer, on an ongoing basis, the following programs:

- Awareness programs
- Bystander intervention
- Prevention and awareness campaigns
- Primary prevention programs

Students are regularly provided programming through informational sessions in the residence halls and in fraternity houses about safety and security. Programs about the appropriate use of alcohol and the effects of both alcohol and drugs are provided through new student programs, residence life and Greek programs, and general campus programming. The college provides programming to enhance the awareness and prevention of sexual misconduct and sexual harassment through designated staff members who give presentations and provide resources on request. In addition, each of these issues is addressed in pamphlets, brochures and other literature distributed throughout the campus via residence hall programs, bulletin boards, activity fairs, student newspaper and employee newsletters.
Crime definitions from the uniform crime reporting handbook

Arson- Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Criminal Homicide-Manslaughter by Negligence- The killing of another person through gross negligence

Criminal Homicide-Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter- The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another

Robbery- The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear

Aggravated Assault- An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Burglary- The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft- The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned and including joyriding)

Weapon Law Violations- The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature. Include in this classification: manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; using, manufacturing, etc, of silencers; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and attempts to commit any of the above.
Drug Abuse Violations- The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics - manufactured narcotics which can cause true addiction (Demerol, Methadone); and dangerous nonnarcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations- The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness. Include in this classification: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing, etc., of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; underage possession; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on train or public conveyance; and attempts to commit any of the above.

Sex Offenses (Definitions from the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program)
Sex Offenses-Forcible- Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

A. Rape- The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

B. Fondling- The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

C. Incest- Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

D. Statutory rape- Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Sexual assault- is any physical contact of sexual nature, up to and including rape that occurs against a person's will and/or without a person’s consent.
For the purpose of the policy, the terms assault, battery and rape are defined as:

- **Sexual Assault** is physical contact of a sexual nature against one’s will or without one’s consent. It is a violation of sections one, two, three, and fifteen of the college’s student conduct code and Indiana law.

- **Sexual Battery**, according to Indiana law, occurs when one person causes another to submit to being touched by force or the imminent threat of force, or when the victim is so mentally disabled or deficient that consent cannot be given.

- **Rape**, according to Indiana law, is sexual intercourse that is coerced through force, or threat of force, or with someone who is unconscious, or so mentally deranged or deficient as to be incapable of consent.

Sexual harassment has been defined by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to include unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors or other verbal, visual or physical conduct of a sexual nature which:

- Involves a stated or implicit threat to a persons’ academic, living, or working environment; or

- Has the purpose or effect of interfering with an individual’s academic or work performance; or

- Creates an intimidating, offensive or hostile academic, living or working environment.

**Franklin College prohibits domestic violence, dating violence and stalking as defined below:**

For the purpose of this report, Domestic violence is defined as a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by-

- a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim

- a person with whom the victim shares a child in common a person who is cohabitating with or had cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner

- a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies [under VAWA], or

- any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction

Dating violence is defined as violence committed by a person-

- who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and

- where the existence of such relationship shall be determined based on a consideration or the following factors:
1) The length or the relationship;  
2) The type of relationship; and  
3) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship

Stalking is defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:
- fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or suffer substantial emotional distress

**Definitions of campus areas:**

**Campus**
(1) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and  
(2) Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to paragraph (1) of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

**On Campus Residence Hall**
Any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution, or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution, and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is considered an on-campus student housing facility.

Includes Residence Halls:
1. Hoover Hall  
2. Cline Hall  
3. Dietz Center  
4. Elsey Hall  
5. Johnson-Dietz  
6. Maple St. house  
7. Forsythe St. house  
8. Nelp house

**Non-Campus**
(1) Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or  
(2) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

**Public Property**
All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.
**Hate Crime**
A criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator’s bias against the victim. For the purposes of Clery, the categories of bias include the victim’s actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Crime Statistics</th>
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<th>XIII.</th>
<th>Stalking</th>
<th></th>
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*Information was requested from Franklin Police regarding public areas but was not received to make the report for 2015 or 2017
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<th>Criminal Offense</th>
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<th>Race</th>
<th>Religion</th>
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<th>Gender</th>
<th>Disability</th>
<th>Ethnicity National origin</th>
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<td>Destruction/damage/</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vandalism or property</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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Fire Safety Amenities in Franklin College Residential Facilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Franklin College Residential Facilities</th>
<th>Fire alarm monitoring done on site (by FC security)</th>
<th>Partial sprinkler system</th>
<th>Full sprinkler system</th>
<th>Smoke detection</th>
<th>Fire extinguisher devices</th>
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<tr>
<td>Elsey Hall</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dietz Center</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson-Dietz</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hoover Hall</td>
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<td>x</td>
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<td>x</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cline Hall</td>
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<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>KDR house</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
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<tr>
<td>PDT house</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAE house</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maple house</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nelp house</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>x</td>
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<tr>
<td>Forsythe house</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There were no fires reported which resulted in no deaths, injuries, or property damage during the reporting year.

Fire drills are conducted in each of the residential facilities each semester resulting in two fire drills per academic year.

Fire safety policies

Due to the potential for fire, candles and incense are strictly prohibited. Since students are prohibited from burning candles and incense, they are not to be present in student rooms. Violation of this policy constitutes a fire safety violation as outlined in the residence hall fire safety regulations and procedures.

Hot plates, coil-type cooking devices (toasters, toaster ovens, electric and Foreman grills), candle warmers, or any types of cooking equipment which have exposed heating elements are prohibited.

Regardless of their type, all space heaters, heat lamps and halogen lamps are prohibited. Students in possession of exposed heating devices, space heaters, heat lamps, or halogen lamps will be held responsible for a fire safety violation. Students are not permitted to use two-prong extension cords.
TIMELY WARNINGS ABOUT CRIMES

In order to promptly alert students and employees of dangerous situations on or near campus and provide them with enough time and information to take necessary precautions, Franklin College has instituted a timely warning system. These warnings may be issued for any of the Clery Act crimes that occur on campus; in certain non-campus buildings or property owned or controlled by the college; and on public property on or immediately adjacent to the campus. For a warning to be issued, the crime must be considered a serious or continuing threat to the campus community. The director of security or his/her designee and a cabinet member, typically the vice president for campus life, are responsible for determining the necessity of a warning and for issuing the alert. In deciding whether or not to issue a timely warning, the director of security or his/her designee examines the facts of each incident and considers when and where the incident occurred, when the incident was reported and any other information available to the security office. For example, if an assault occurs between two students who have a disagreement, there may be no ongoing threat to other campus community members, and a timely warning would not be distributed. Timely warnings may be distributed for other crimes if deemed necessary by the director of security and vice-president of campus life. Timely warnings are generally written and issued by the director of security or his/her designee. Certain details may be withheld from a message if the information would compromise law enforcement efforts. Any details that could disclose the identity of the victim are withheld from timely warnings. Text message is the primary method of timely warning communication, however on a case-by-case basis, other means of distribution may be used, including: e-mail, phone calls, the Franklin College website at http://franklincollege.edu, or outdoor public announcement system (emergency call boxes).

Members of the Franklin College community are encouraged to provide the best phone number to reach them by text in order to receive these warnings. This information should be verified regularly by visiting the security page on MyFC.
EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS

When Franklin College receives a report of a potential emergency or other dangerous situation, the security office responds and assesses each individual incident. If the incident is confirmed to be ongoing or imminently threatening to the health or safety of the campus community, an emergency notification is immediately initiated. College officials authorized to send messages via the emergency notification process will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, collaborate to determine the content of the message. These officials will communicate information regarding the threat either to the campus community as a whole or to the appropriate segment of the community if the threat is limited to a particular building or segment of the population. Franklin College will not immediately issue a notification for a confirmed emergency or dangerous situation if by doing so, in the professional judgment of campus officials, it will compromise efforts to assist a victim, to contain the emergency, to respond to the emergency, or to otherwise mitigate the emergency. Franklin College’s use of emergency notification procedures is not necessarily limited to crimes. An incident such as a serious gas leak, tornado, hazardous materials spill, winter storm, or other hazards could also warrant the use of this protocol. College officials authorized to send messages via the emergency notification process include the following staff: director of security, assistant vice-president of facilities, and assistant director of information technology services. These officials will use their discretion to determine the content of the message, specific method(s) of notification, recipients of the notification, and the sending authority. Usually, such notification will be made using the RAVE Mobile Safety alert system. Notification may be accomplished using a variety of messaging methods which may include one or all of the following: text messages, telephone calls, email, social media, and/or web site updates. If there is a need to disseminate information outside of the campus community, information may be posted on the Franklin College website at http://franklincollege.edu/, distributed to local news agencies, or posted to social media.
SEXUAL ASSAULT AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Franklin College is committed to creating a campus culture which values individuals of various backgrounds, abilities and ages, and seeks to overcome the social risks associated with being “different”. An important part of this commitment is providing an environment free of discrimination. Actions, words, jokes or comments based on an individual’s age, color, creed, disability, gender, gender expression, gender identity, genetic information, national origin, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, veteran status, or marital status may constitute harassment, a form of discrimination, and will not be tolerated. Sexual conduct, in particular, whether overt or subtle, can serve to create an offensive learning and working environment and is thus prohibited. The college affirms the principle that students and employees have the right to be free of any forms of sexual assault and sexual harassment. Sexual assault and sexual harassment are violations of the Franklin College Student Conduct Code and the Employee Sexual Harassment Policy, as well as violations of state and federal law. The College has developed a policy addressing discrimination, harassment and related misconduct which includes sexual and gender-based harassment, sexual violence, interpersonal violence and stalking to inform students and employees of their rights and the services available.

Policy On Prohibited Discrimination, Harassment and Related Misconduct

**Responsible Franklin College Officers**
Title IX Coordinator and Equal Opportunity Officer

**Responsible Office**
Office of Human Resources

**POLICY ON PROHIBITED DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT AND RELATED MISCONDUCT**

Including Sexual and Gender-Based Harassment, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence and Stalking

---

Policy Statement
This Policy prohibits all forms of Discrimination and Harassment based on Protected Status. It expressly, therefore, also prohibits Sexual Violence and Sexual Exploitation, which by definition involve conduct of a sexual nature and are prohibited forms of Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment. This Policy further prohibits Stalking and Interpersonal Violence, which need not be based on an individual’s Protected Status. Finally, this Policy prohibits Complicity for knowingly assisting in an act that violates this Policy and Retaliation against an individual because of their good faith participation in the reporting, investigation, or adjudication of violations of this Policy. College students and employees who violate this Policy may face discipline up to and including expulsion or termination.

Definitions

Discrimination, Harassment (including Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment and Sexual Violence), Interpersonal Violence, Stalking, Complicity, and Retaliation (collectively hereafter referred to as “Prohibited Conduct”) are defined in Section IV of this Policy.

Audience

This Policy and associated procedures apply to the conduct of and protection of College students and employees and trustees, which includes faculty, and student employees. The non-discrimination provisions also apply to contractors and other third parties under circumstances within the College’s control. The Policy and associated procedures provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of reports of Discrimination, Harassment, and related misconduct.

Reason for Policy

The College is committed to providing an inclusive and welcoming environment for all members of our community. The College values safety, diversity, education, and fairness and is firmly committed to maintaining a campus environment free from Discrimination, Harassment, and related misconduct. In accordance with its Policy Statement on Non-Discrimination, the College does not unlawfully discriminate in offering equal access to its educational programs and activities or with respect to employment terms and conditions on the
basis of an individual’s age, color, creed, disability, gender, gender expression, gender identity, genetic information, race, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, marital status or veteran status (collectively referred to as “Protected Status”). The College’s protection of these statuses is grounded in federal law. Federal law also governs the College’s response to Sexual Assault, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence (including domestic and dating violence), and Stalking. Such acts violate the essential dignity of our community member(s) and are contrary to our institutional values.

**Related Statutes, Orders, and Policies**

- Title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972
- Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008
- Age Discrimination in Employment Act
- Age Discrimination Act of 1975
- Equal Pay Act
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
- Executive Order 13672
- Executive Order 11246
- Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security and Campus Crime Statistics Act
- Violence Against Women Act
- Vietnam Era Veterans Readjustment Act
- Indiana General Statutes

Related polices are set out in Section XII of the Policy.

**Related College Procedures**

There are specific procedures for reports under this Policy based on the relationship of the Reporting Party or Responding Party to the College:
Procedures for Reporting and Responding to Complaints of Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Misconduct Involving a Student as a Responding Party – click here

Procedures for Reporting and Responding to Complaints of Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Misconduct Involving a Student as a Reporting Party and a College Employee as a Responding Party – click here

Procedures for Reporting and Responding to Concerns of Employees Regarding Allegations of Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Misconduct – click here

Contacts

Questions about this Policy should be directed to the Title IX Coordinator and/or Equal Opportunity Officer in the Office of Human Resources, Old Main, first floor, 317-738-8028.

Document History
Effective Date: Reports filed on or after August 1, 2016

FRANKLIN COLLEGE

POLICY ON PROHIBITED DISCRIMINATION HARASSMENT AND RELATED MISCONDUCT

Including Sexual and Gender-Based Harassment, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence and Stalking

College Resource Page for Sexual Violence and Stalking
How to Get Help In the Event of an Emergency:

Anyone who has experienced Sexual Violence or Interpersonal Violence is urged to immediately seek help. Help includes seeking medical assistance, seeking confidential counseling or crisis response, filing a report with law enforcement, and making a report to the College. The Franklin College Security Office will help any individual get to a safe place, contact another law enforcement agency, and offer information about the College’s resources and processes. Information about the difference between Reporting Options and Confidential Resources is available at the link attached to these terms.

Reporting Options:

The College’s Title IX Coordinator and the Equal Opportunity Officer oversee the investigation and resolution of all misconduct covered by the Policy on Prohibited Discrimination, Harassment and Related Misconduct (the “Policy”). To discuss any aspect of the Policy, individuals are encouraged to contact:

Title IX Coordinator and Equal Opportunity Officer

Office of Human Resources
317-738-8028
www.franklincollege.edu/about-fc/human-resources/

Any individual can make a report under this Policy to these individuals or to the individuals/departments designated below. The report may be made in person, by telephone, in writing, by e-mail, electronically (Click to Incident Report Form), or anonymously. All reports will be shared with the College’s Non-Discrimination Response Team. Any report involving a minor will be shared with Indiana Department of Child Services (www.in.gov/dcs/2398.htm) and law enforcement agencies.

College Security Office
(317.738-8888)

Office of the Vice President of Student Affairs and Dean of Students
(317-738-8080) Click here to link.
Understanding the Difference between Making a Report to the College or Law Enforcement (Reporting Options) and Seeking Confidential Assistance (Confidential Resources)

There is a distinction between making a report to the College or law enforcement through designated **Reporting Options** (listed above) and seeking confidential assistance through **Confidential Resources** (listed below).

**Reporting Options:** Making a report to the College by contacting a **Reporting Option** means that the report will be shared with the Title IX Coordinator and a member of the College’s Response Team will communicate with the Reporting Party to provide resources and support and to identify the appropriate action to respond to the report as outlined in this Policy. In addition, many College employees, designated as **Responsible Employees**, are required to share information with the College’s **Title IX Coordinator**. There are many options for resolution of a report, and a Reporting Party is encouraged to make a report even if that individual is not seeking disciplinary action against a Responding Party. The College will make every effort to respect a Reporting Party’s confidentiality and autonomy in determining how to proceed. Support and resources are always available to a Reporting Party regardless of the chosen course of action.

**Confidential Resources:** In contrast, information shared with a **Confidential Resource** will not be disclosed to anyone else, including the College, except under very limited circumstances. Any individual may choose to seek support from confidential professionals on and off campus, including counselors, medical health providers, clergy, and rape crisis counselors.

**Confidential Resources:**

The trained professionals designated below can provide counseling, information, and support in a confidential setting. These **Confidential Resources** will not share information about an individual (including whether that individual has received services) without the individual’s express permission, unless there is a continuing threat of serious harm to the patient/client or to others or there is a legal obligation to reveal such information (e.g., suspected abuse or neglect of a minor). These professionals are also available to help an individual make a report to the College.

**On Campus:**
On-Campus Medical Care:
  Franklin College Health Center (care & referrals during business hours)
  317-738-8090

On-Campus Counseling Care:
  Franklin College Counseling Center (for students)
  317-738-8555

  FC Employee Assistance Program via Aetna (for staff)  1-855-283-1915
  (username & password both = resources)

  Franklin College Campus Minister (staff and students)
  317-738-8141

Off Campus:

Off-Campus 24-hour Medical Care:

  Franciscan St. Francis Health - Indianapolis
  Center of Hope (for sexual assault survivors)
  317-865-5440
  http://www.franciscanalliance.org/hospitals/indianapolis/services/
  emergency-med/pages/center-of-hope.aspx

  Johnson Memorial Hospital - Emergency Department
  317-736-2600
  http://www.johnsonmemorial.org/care-
  centers/general/emergency-department/757/

Off-Campus Crisis, Counseling, Shelter:

  The Julian Center
  317-920-9320 (24/7 crisis line)
  317-941-2200 (other services)
  http://www.juliancenter.org/
Interim Protective Measures Available Through the College:

In responding to a report, the College has an interest in providing care to the Reporting Party and to the broader campus community. For this reason, after receiving a report, the College, through its Response Team, will make an immediate assessment of any risk of harm to the parties, any other individuals, or to the broader campus community and will take the necessary steps to address those risks. These steps may include establishing Interim Protective Measures to provide for the safety of the parties involved, any other individuals, and the campus community. Interim Protective Measures are available regardless of whether a Reporting Party chooses to pursue disciplinary action against a Responding Party. Examples of Interim Protective Measures include no-contact orders, residence modifications, academic or employment accommodations, and interim suspension.

Retaliation is expressly prohibited by this Policy, and the College will take immediate and responsive action to any report of Retaliation or any violation of Interim Protective Measures.

Mandatory Reporting of Child Abuse:

Individuals who suspect that a child is being harmed or observe a child being harmed should contact law enforcement by calling 911. In addition, under Indiana law, individuals who reasonably suspect that a child under the age of 18 has been abused or neglected by a parent, guardian, or caregiver have an obligation to report that suspicion to a county department of social services. The Johnson County Department of Child Services may be reached at 317-738-0301.
Franklin College Policy On Prohibited Discrimination, Harassment and Related Misconduct: Including Sexual and Gender-Based Harassment, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence and Stalking

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I. POLICY STATEMENT

This Policy prohibits all forms of Discrimination and Harassment based on Protected Status. It expressly, therefore, also prohibits Sexual Violence and Sexual Exploitation, which by definition involve conduct of a sexual nature and are prohibited forms of Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment. This Policy further prohibits Stalking and Interpersonal Violence, which need not be based on an individual’s Protected Status. Finally, this Policy prohibits Complicity in an act that violates this Policy and Retaliation against an individual because of their good faith participation in the reporting, investigation, or adjudication of violations of this Policy. College students and employees who violate this Policy may face discipline up to and including expulsion or termination.

Discrimination, Harassment (including Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment and Sexual Violence), Interpersonal Violence, Stalking, Complicity, and Retaliation (collectively hereafter referred to as “Prohibited Conduct”) are defined in Section IV of this Policy.

A. Notice of Non-Discrimination Based on Protected Status

Franklin College (“College”) is committed to providing an inclusive and welcoming environment for all members of our community. The College values safety, diversity, education, and fairness and is firmly committed to maintaining a campus environment free from Discrimination, Harassment, and related misconduct. In accordance with its Policy Statement on Non-Discrimination, the College does not unlawfully discriminate in offering equal access to its educational programs and activities or with respect to employment terms and conditions on the basis of an individual’s age, color, disability, gender, gender expression,
gender identity, genetic information, national origin, marital status, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation or veteran status collectively referred to as “Protected Status”). The College’s protection of these statuses is grounded in federal law. For example, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibits discrimination in employment based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender, and, by extension, sexual violence, as do the other applicable laws. The Americans with Disabilities Act, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and § 143-422.2 prohibit discrimination in employment and education programs and activities based on disability. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, prohibiting discrimination based on sex, also applies to employment and education programs and activities. Executive Order 13672 revised Executive Order 11246 (applicable to federal contractors, including the College) to prohibit discrimination based race, color, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, and gender identity.

The College recognizes the rights of all members of the College community to learn and work in an environment that is free from Discrimination and Harassment. Prohibited Conduct against and by College students and employees, including faculty, non-faculty employees, temporary employees, student employees, and third parties is prohibited by the College. All members of the community are responsible for conducting themselves in accordance with this Policy and other College policies and procedures.

The College encourages all community members to take reasonable and prudent actions to prevent or stop Prohibited Conduct. Taking action may include direct intervention when safe to do so, enlisting the assistance of friends, contacting law enforcement, or seeking assistance from a person in authority. Community members who choose to exercise this positive responsibility will be supported by the College and protected from Retaliation.

1The complete text of the Policy Statement on Non-Discrimination is located at (Click This Link)

To foster a climate that encourages prevention and reporting of Discrimination, Harassment, and related misconduct, the College will actively promote prevention efforts, educate the community, respond to all reports promptly, provide Interim Protective Measures to address safety and emotional well-
being, and act in a manner that recognizes the inherent dignity of the individuals involved.

Therefore, any student who reports Prohibited Conduct, either as a witness or as Reporting Party and cooperates with the investigation will not be subject to disciplinary action by the College for violations of the College’s alcohol/drug policy occurring at or near the time of the reported Prohibited Conduct. Being intoxicated by drugs or alcohol does not diminish a student’s responsibility to obtain consent and is no defense to any violation of Non-Discrimination Policy.

B. Sexual Assault, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence, and Stalking Are Prohibited Forms of Conduct

Just as the College’s prohibition of discrimination based on Protected Status (including Sexual Assault as a form of Sexual Harassment) is grounded in federal law, so is its prohibition against Interpersonal Violence and Stalking. The College’s response to Sexual Assault, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence (including domestic and dating violence), and Stalking is governed by the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security and Campus Crime Statistics Act, 20 U.S.C. §1092(f) (the Clery Act) and Section 304 of the 2013 Amendments to the Violence Against Women Act. Such acts violate the essential dignity of our community member(s) and are contrary to institutional values.

The College is committed to taking all appropriate steps to eliminate Sexual Assault, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence and Stalking; prevent the recurrence of such acts; and address their effects, both for the Reporting Party and the broader community.

The College recognizes that Sexual Assault, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence, and Stalking encompass a broad spectrum of conduct and will respond according to both the severity of the offense and the threat it poses to the campus community.

II. SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY
A. Individuals Covered by this Policy

This Policy and associated procedures apply to the conduct of, and protection of, College students and employees, including faculty, non-faculty employees, and student employees. The non-discrimination provisions also apply to contractors and other third parties under circumstances within the College’s control.

When used in this Policy, Reporting Party refers to any individual who may have been the subject of any Prohibited Conduct by an individual or organization covered under the Policy regardless of whether the Reporting Party makes a report or seeks action under the Policy. Responding Party refers to any individual who has been accused of violating the Policy.

B. Jurisdiction

This Policy applies to all Prohibited Conduct that occurs on campus. It also applies to Prohibited Conduct that occurs off campus, including online or electronic conduct, if the conduct occurred in the context of an employment or education program or activity of the College, had adverse effects on campus, or had adverse effects in an off-campus employment or education program or activity. Examples of covered off-campus conduct include College-sponsored study abroad, research, or internship programs.

In determining if the College off campus conduct is not part of an educational program or activity of the College, the Equal Opportunity Officer or the Title IX Coordinator will consider the seriousness of the alleged conduct, the risk of harm involved, whether both parties are members of the campus community, and whether the off campus conduct is part of a series of actions that occurred both on and off campus.

Regardless of where the conduct occurred and with whom, the College will offer resources and assistance to community members who are subject to Prohibited Conduct. The College will also assist the Reporting Party in identifying and contacting external law enforcement agencies and community resources.
C. Reports Involving Minors

Individuals who suspect that a child is being harmed or observe a child being harmed should contact law enforcement by dialing 911.

In addition, under Indiana law, any person who reasonably suspects that a child has been abused or neglected by a parent, guardian, or caregiver has an obligation to report that suspicion to a county department of child services. The Johnson County Department of Child Services may be reached at 317-738-0301, https://secure.in.gov/dcs/2398.htm

Additional information regarding suspected child abuse or neglect may be found in the College’s Policy regarding Minors on Campus. (Policy in development)

III. RESOURCES FOR INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE

A. Equal Opportunity Officer

The Equal Opportunity Officer has primary responsibility for administering this Policy and oversees the investigation, response to, and resolution of all reports of Prohibited Conduct; however, questions, concerns, and/or reports may be addressed to any of the individuals or offices identified as Reporting Options or in the applicable Procedures document. The Equal Opportunity Officer will maintain all discrimination reports including those alleging Prohibited Conduct based on sex, Interpersonal Violence, or Stalking, as well as those alleging Complicity and Retaliation in relation to such a report. There are specific procedures based on the relationship of the Reporting Party or Responding Party to the College:

- Procedures for Reporting and Responding to Complaints of Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Misconduct Involving a Student as a Responding Party
- Procedures for Reporting and Responding to Complaints of Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Misconduct Involving a Student as a Reporting Party and a College Employee as a Responding Party
- Procedures for Reporting and Responding to Concerns of Faculty and Non-Faculty Employees Regarding Allegations of Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Misconduct
B. Title IX Coordinator

The College has a designated Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator oversees the College’s investigation, response to, and resolution of all reports of Prohibited Conduct based on sex (including Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment and Sexual Violence), Interpersonal Violence, and Stalking, and of related Complicity and Retaliation, involving students, faculty, and staff. The Title IX Coordinator:

- is knowledgeable and trained in College policies and procedures and relevant state and federal laws;
- is available to advise any individual, including a Reporting Party, a Responding Party, or a third party, about College and community resources and reporting options;
- is available to provide assistance to any College employee regarding how to respond appropriately to a report of Title IX-related Prohibited Conduct, Interpersonal Violence, Stalking, and related Complicity and Retaliation;
- participates in ensuring the effective implementation of this Policy, including monitoring compliance with all procedural requirements, record keeping, and timeframes; and
- is responsible for overseeing training, prevention, and education efforts and annual reviews of climate and culture.

Inquiries or concerns about Title IX may be referred to the College’s Title IX Coordinator. Concerns about the College’s application of Title IX under this Policy may be addressed to the United States Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights:

**Title IX Coordinator**

Office of Human Resources 317-738-8028

**Office for Civil Rights**

(800) 421-3481 Email: OCR@ed.gov
C. **Non-Discrimination Response Team**

A report of Prohibited Conduct may be made to any designated Reporting Option. The Equal Opportunity Officer or the Title IX Coordinator, with the assistance of the Response Team, will conduct an Initial Assessment to determine whether the alleged conduct presents a potential violation of the Policy and whether further action is warranted based on the alleged conduct. This use of a central integrated and coordinated approach will allow the College to respond promptly and fairly to eliminate the conduct, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects.

Members of the Response Team can help any College community member understand the Policy and the options for resolving concerns raised under this Policy in academic or work settings at the College. The Response Team will attempt to protect and safeguard the privacy of all individuals involved in a manner consistent with the need for a careful assessment of and response to the report.

The Response Team will consist of a small number of “need to know” individuals.

The Response Team may consult with others while conducting their Initial Assessment.

IV. **PROHIBITED CONDUCT**

A. **Discrimination and Harassment Based on All Protected Statuses**

This Policy prohibits all forms of Discrimination and Harassment based on an individual’s Protected Status, including, as defined below, age, color, creed, disability, gender, gender expression, gender identity, genetic information, national origin, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, marital status or veteran status.

In addition, this Policy prohibits related misconduct, including Interpersonal Violence, Stalking, Complicity, and Retaliation.
1. Discrimination

This Policy prohibits Discrimination, meaning any distinction, preference, or detriment to an individual as compared to others that is based on an individual’s Protected Status and that is sufficiently serious to unreasonably interfere with or limit:

- An employee’s or applicant for employment’s access to employment or conditions and benefits of employment (e.g., hiring, advancement, assignment);
- A student’s or admission applicant’s ability to participate in, access, or benefit from educational programs, services, or activities (e.g., admission, academic standing, grades, assignment, campus housing);
- An authorized volunteer’s ability to participate in a volunteer activity; or
- A guest’s or visitor’s ability to participate in, access, or benefit from the College’s programs.

Discrimination includes failing to provide reasonable accommodations, consistent with Indiana and federal law, to a qualified person with a disability.

2. Harassment

This Policy prohibits Harassment, which is a type of Discrimination that occurs when verbal, physical, electronic, or other conduct based on an individual’s Protected Status interferes with that individual’s (a) educational environment (e.g., admission, academic standing, grades, assignment); (b) work environment (e.g., hiring, advancement, assignment); (c) participation in a College program or activity (e.g., campus housing); or (d) receipt of legitimately-requested services (e.g., disability or religious accommodations), thereby creating Hostile Environment Harassment or Quid Pro Quo Harassment, as defined below.

a. Hostile Environment Harassment

Unwelcome conduct based on Protected Status that is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it alters the conditions of education, employment, or participation in a College program or activity, thereby creating an environment that a reasonable person in
similar circumstances and with similar identities would find hostile, intimidating, or abusive. An isolated incident, unless sufficiently severe, does not amount to Hostile Environment Harassment.

b. Quid Pro Quo Harassment

Unwelcome conduct based on Protected Status where submission to or rejection of such conduct is used, explicitly or implicitly, as the basis for decisions affecting an individual’s education, employment, or participation in a College program or activity.

3. Additional Guidance about Discrimination and Harassment

Consistent with the definitions provided above, conduct that constitutes Discrimination and Harassment:

- May be blatant and involve an overt action, threat, or reprisal; or may be subtle and indirect, with a coercive aspect that is unstated but implied.
- May or may not include intent to harm.
- May not always be directed at a specific target.
- May be committed by anyone, regardless of Protected Status, position, or authority. While there may be a power differential between the Reporting Party and the Responding Party – perhaps due to differences in age or educational, employment, or social status – Discrimination and Harassment can occur in any context.
- May be committed by a stranger, an acquaintance, or someone with whom the Reporting Party has a current or previous relationship, including a romantic or sexual relationship.
- May be committed by or against an individual or by or against an organization or group.
- May occur in the classroom, in the workplace, in residential settings, or in any other setting.
- May be a pattern of behavior or, if sufficiently severe, a one-time event.
May be committed in the presence of others, when the Reporting Party and Responding Party are alone, or through remote communications, including email, text messages, or social media.

May take the form of threats, assault, property damage, economic abuse, and violence or threats of violence.

May include harassing or retaliatory behavior directed to a sexual or romantic partner, family member, friend, or pet of the Reporting Party.

4. Protected Status

Consistent with federal and state law, the College prohibits Discrimination and Harassment based on an individual’s age, color, disability, gender, gender expression, gender identity, genetic information, national origin, marital status, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation or veteran status.

- **Age:** The number of years from the date of a person’s birth. With respect to employment, individuals who are forty (40) years of age or older are protected from Discrimination and Harassment. There is no age threshold for students or other participants in educational programs or activities.

- **Color:** An individual’s skin pigmentation, complexion, shade, or tone.

- **Creed:** A well-formed and thought-out set of beliefs held by more than one individual, which may not necessarily involve belief in a supreme being. The College will accommodate an individual’s observances and practices required by their creed, unless it is unable to reasonably accommodate an individual’s creed-required observance or practice without undue hardship.

- **Disability:** A person with a disability is any person who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; or has a record of such impairment; or is regarded as having such impairment. A qualified person with a disability must be able to perform the
essential functions of the employment or volunteer position or the academic, athletic, or extra-curricular program, with or without reasonable accommodation.

- **Gender**: An individual’s socially-constructed status based on the behavioral, cultural, or psychological traits typically associated with societal attribution of masculinity and femininity, typically related to one’s assigned sex at birth.

- **Gender Expression**: How someone expresses gender through appearance, behavior, or mannerisms. A person’s Gender Expression may or may not be the same as the Gender Identity or assigned sex at birth.

- **Gender Identity**: The Gender with which an individual identifies psychologically, regardless of what Gender was assigned at birth.

- **Genetic Information**: Information about (i) an individual’s genetic tests, (ii) the genetic tests of family members of such individual, and (iii) the manifestation of a disease or disorder in family members of such individual. Genetic Information includes, with respect to any individual, any request for, or receipt of, genetic services, or participation in clinical research that includes genetic services by such individual or any family member of such individual.

- **National Origin**: An individual’s actual or perceived country or ethnicity of origin.

- **Race**: An individual’s actual or perceived racial or ethnic ancestry or physical characteristics associated with a person’s race, such as a person’s color, hair, facial features, height, and weight.

- **Religion**: All aspects of religious observance and practice, as well as belief.

- **Sex**: An individual’s biological status of male or female, including pregnancy. Conduct of a sexual nature is by definition based on Sex as a Protected Status.
• Sexual Orientation: The inclination or capacity to develop intimate emotional, spiritual, physical, and/or sexual relationships with people of the same Sex or Gender, a different Sex or Gender, or irrespective of Sex or Gender.

• Veteran Status: Covered Veterans include Disabled Veterans, Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam era, and other protected Veterans as defined by federal and state law.

• Marital Status: An individual’s marital status.

B. Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment, Sexual Assault, Sexual Violence, or Sexual Exploitation

1. Prohibited Forms of Conduct

a) Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment

Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment may:

(1) include unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal, physical, or electronic conduct of a sexual nature that creates a hostile, intimidating, or abusive environment;
(2) involve verbal, physical, or electronic conduct based on Sex, Gender, Sexual Orientation, or sex-stereotyping that creates a hostile, intimidating, or abusive environment, even if those acts do not involve conduct of a sexual nature; or
(3) include Harassment for exhibiting what is perceived as a stereotypical characteristic for one’s Sex or for failing to conform to stereotypical notions of masculinity and femininity, regardless of the actual or perceived Sex, Gender, Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, or Gender Expression of the individuals involved.

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2These definitions overlap with Indiana criminal statutes in some cases and provide greater protection in other instances.
b) Sexual Assault or Sexual Violence

Sexual Assault and Sexual Violence are forms of Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment that involve having or attempting to have Sexual Contact with another individual without consent. Additional guidance about Consent can be found here.

c) Sexual Exploitation

Sexual Exploitation is a form of Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment that involves one or more of the following behaviors committed for any purpose, including sexual arousal or gratification, financial gain, or other personal benefit:

(1) taking sexual advantage of another person without Consent;
(2) taking advantage of another’s sexuality; or
(3) extending the bounds of consensual Sexual Contact without the knowledge of the other individual.

Examples of Sexual Exploitation include, but are not limited to: threatening to disclose an individual’s Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, or Gender Expression; observing another individual’s nudity or Sexual Contact, or allowing another to observe the same, without the knowledge and Consent of all parties involved; non-consensual streaming of images, photography, video, or audio recording of Sexual Contact or nudity, or distribution of such without the knowledge and Consent of all parties involved; prostituting another individual; knowingly exposing another individual to a sexually-transmitted infection, without the individual’s knowledge; knowingly failing to use contraception without the other party’s knowledge; and inducing incapacitation for the purpose of taking sexual advantage of another person

2. Related Definitions: Sexual Contact, Consent, Coercion, Force, and Incapacitation
a) Sexual Contact

Intentional touching or penetration of another person’s clothed or unclothed body, including but not limited to the mouth, neck, buttocks, anus, genitalia, or breast, by another with any part of the body or any object in a sexual manner. Sexual Contact also includes causing another person to touch their own or another’s body in the manner described above.

b) Consent

Consent is the communication of an affirmative, conscious and freely made decision by each participant to engage in agreed upon forms of Sexual Contact. Consent requires an outward demonstration, through understandable words or actions, that conveys a clear willingness to engage in Sexual Contact.

Consent is not to be inferred from silence, passivity, or a lack of resistance, and relying on non-verbal communication alone may result in a violation of this Policy. For example, a person who does not physically resist or verbally refuse Sexual Contact may not necessarily be giving Consent. There is no requirement that an individual verbally or physically resist unwelcome Sexual Contact for there to be a violation of this Policy.

Consent is not to be inferred from an existing or previous dating or sexual relationship. Even in the context of a relationship, there must be mutual Consent to engage in Sexual Contact.

Consent to one form of Sexual Contact does not constitute Consent to any other form of Sexual Contact, nor does Consent to Sexual Contact with one person constitute Consent to Sexual Contact with any other person. Additionally, Consent to Sexual Contact on one occasion is not Consent to engage in Sexual Contact on another occasion.

Consent cannot be obtained by Coercion or Force or by taking advantage of one’s inability to give Consent because of Incapacitation or other circumstances. Coercion or Force and Incapacitation are described in more detail below.

A person who has given Consent to engage in Sexual Contact may withdraw Consent at any time. However, withdrawal of Consent
requires an outward demonstration, through understandable words or actions, that clearly conveys that a party is no longer willing to engage in Sexual Contact. Once Consent is withdrawn, the Sexual Contact must cease immediately.

c) Coercion or Force

Coercion or force includes conduct, intimidation, and express or implied threats of physical or emotional harm, that would reasonably place an individual in fear of immediate or future harm and that is employed to persuade or compel someone to engage in Sexual Contact.

Examples of Coercion or Force include causing the deliberate Incapacitation of another person; conditioning an academic benefit or employment advantage on submission to the Sexual Contact; threatening to harm oneself if the other party does not engage in Sexual Contact; or threatening to disclose an individual’s Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, Gender Expression, or other personal sensitive information if the other party does not engage in the Sexual Contact.

d) Incapacitation or Incapacitated

An individual who is Incapacitated is unable to give Consent to Sexual Contact. States of Incapacitation include sleep, unconsciousness, intermittent consciousness, or any other state where the individual is unaware that Sexual Contact is occurring. Incapacitation may also exist because of a mental or developmental disability that impairs the ability to Consent to Sexual Contact.

Alcohol or drug use is one of the prime causes of Incapacitation. Where alcohol or drug use is involved, Incapacitation is a state beyond intoxication, impairment in judgment, or “drunkenness.” Because the impact of alcohol or other drugs varies from person to person, evaluating whether an individual is Incapacitated, and therefore unable to give Consent, requires an assessment of whether the consumption of alcohol or other drugs has rendered the individual physically helpless or substantially incapable of:
- Making decisions about the potential consequences of Sexual Contact;
- Appraising the nature of one’s own conduct;
- Communicating Consent to Sexual Contact; or
- Communicating unwillingness to engage in Sexual Contact.

Where an individual’s level of impairment does not rise to Incapacitation, it is still necessary to evaluate the impact of intoxication on Consent. In evaluating whether Consent was sought or given, the following factors may be relevant:

- Intoxication may impact one’s ability to give Consent and may lead to Incapacitation (the inability to give Consent).
- A person’s level of intoxication is not always demonstrated by objective signs; however, some signs of intoxication may include clumsiness, difficulty walking, poor judgment, difficulty concentrating, slurred speech, vomiting, combativeness, or emotional volatility.
- An individual’s level of intoxication may change over a period of time based on a variety of subjective factors, including the amount of substance intake, speed of intake, body mass, and metabolism.

No matter the level of an individual’s intoxication, if that individual has not affirmatively agreed to engage in Sexual Contact, there is no Consent.

Anyone engaging in Sexual Contact must be aware of both their own and the other person’s level of intoxication and capacity to give Consent. The use of alcohol or other drugs can lower inhibitions and create an atmosphere of confusion about whether Consent is effectively sought and freely given. If there is any doubt as to the level or extent of one’s own or the other individual’s intoxication or Incapacitation, the safest course of action is to forgo or cease any Sexual Contact. A Responding Party’s intoxication is never an excuse for or a defense to committing Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment, Sexual Assault or Sexual Violence, or Interpersonal
Violence, and it does not diminish one’s responsibility to obtain Consent.

C. Interpersonal Violence and Stalking

1. Interpersonal Violence

Interpersonal Violence (commonly referred to as intimate partner violence, dating violence, domestic violence and relationship violence), can encompass a broad range of abusive behavior committed by a person who is or has been:

- In a romantic or intimate relationship with the Reporting Party (of the same or different sex);
- The Reporting Party’s spouse or partner (of the same or different sex);
- The Reporting Party’s family member; or
- The Reporting Party’s cohabitant or household member, including a roommate.

Whether there was such a relationship will be gauged by its length, type, and frequency of interaction. Reports of Interpersonal Violence that do not involve one of these specified relationships or do not involve an individual’s Protected Status will be resolved under the Student Code of Conduct, which is part of The Key a Guide to Student Life.

Interpersonal Violence includes physical, sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions or threats of actions that a reasonable person in similar circumstances and with similar identities would find intimidating, frightening, terrorizing, or threatening. Such behaviors may include threats of violence to one’s self, one’s family member, or one’s pet.

2. Stalking

Repeated, unwanted attention; physical, verbal, or electronic contact; or any other course of conduct directed at an individual that is sufficiently serious to cause physical, emotional, or psychological fear or to create a hostile, intimidating, or abusive
environment for a reasonable person in similar circumstances and with similar identities.

Stalking may involve individuals who are known to one another or who have a current or previous relationship or may involve individuals who are strangers.

D. Complicity and Retaliation

1. Complicity

Complicity is any act that knowingly aids, facilitates, promotes, or encourages the commission of prohibited conduct by another person.

2. Retaliation

Retaliation is acts or words taken against an individual because of the individual’s participation in a protected activity that would discourage a reasonable person from engaging in protected activity. Protected activity includes an individual’s good faith: (i) participation in the reporting, investigation, or resolution of an alleged violation of this Policy; (ii) opposition to policies, practices, or actions that the individual reasonably believes are in violation of the Policy; or (iii) requests for accommodations on the basis of religion or disability. Retaliation may include intimidation, threats, coercion, or adverse employment or educational actions.

Retaliation may be found even when an underlying report made in good faith was not substantiated. Retaliation may be committed by the Responding Party, the Reporting Party, or any other individual or group of individuals.

During the investigation and resolution of violations of this Policy that are alleged in good faith, reasonable steps will be taken to protect the Reporting Party, the Responding Party, and other participants in the reporting, investigation, and resolution process from Retaliation. Any individual who engages in Retaliation will be subject to prompt and appropriate disciplinary action. Individuals who have a concern about potential or actual Retaliation should contact the Office of Human Resources or Title
IX Coordinator for assistance in addressing the concern. If the concern about Retaliation involves the Office of Human Resources or Title IX Coordinator, an individual may contact the Provost and Dean of the College. Individuals may also be able to utilize the applicable grievance procedure within the designated timeframe to address any concern not otherwise resolved.

V. REPORTING OPTIONS

The College is committed to providing reporting options through multiple contact points across campus that are broadly accessible to all College community members. Detailed information about Reporting Options for students, faculty, and staff is outlined in the Procedures that accompany this Policy.

Making a report to the College means telling a designated Reporting Option what happened, in person, by telephone, in writing, by e-mail, electronically, or anonymously. The College encourages a Reporting Party to make a report directly to one of these designated Reporting Options: the Office of Human Resources, the Title IX Coordinator, or the Office of the Vice President of Student Affairs and Dean of Students, or Franklin College Security Office. In turn, these Reporting Options will immediately refer the report to the Response Team to assure consistent application of this Policy. Similarly, when an individual chooses to share information with a College employee designated as a Responsible Employee, the report will be shared with the Office of Human Resources, Title IX Coordinator, or a member of the Response Team.

Consistent with the Procedures that accompany this Policy, upon receipt of a report, the Office of Human Resources or Title IX Coordinator, in consultation with the Response Team, will conduct an Initial Assessment of: the incident or behavior at issue; any risk of harm to the parties, any other individuals, or the broader campus community; the Reporting Party’s desired course of action; and the necessity for any Interim Protective Measures to protect the safety of the Reporting Party, any other individuals, or the community. A member of the Response Team will offer appropriate resources to support the Reporting Party (e.g., medical care, counseling resources, safe housing) and at the conclusion of the Initial Assessment, determine the appropriate manner of resolution.
The College recognizes that deciding whether to make a report and choosing how to proceed are personal decisions. At the time a report is made, a Reporting Party does not have to decide whether to request any particular course of action. Choosing to make a report, and deciding how to proceed after making the report, is a process that unfolds over time. The College will make every effort to respect an individual’s autonomy in making the determination as to how to proceed. Resources are always available to support a Reporting Party regardless of the course of action chosen.

All individuals are encouraged to make a report, regardless of when or where the incident occurred, and to seek any necessary help from campus or community resources.

VI. REPORTING BY COLLEGE EMPLOYEES

A. Responsible Employees

All Employee are Responsible Employee, except Non-Resident Assistant Student Employees and Confidential Resources. A list of Responsible Employees can be found in the staff directory.

Responsible Employees will safeguard an individual’s privacy, but are required by the College to immediately share all details about a report of Prohibited Conduct (including the known details of the incident (e.g., date, time, location), the names of the parties involved, a brief description of the incident and if the incident has been previously reported) with the Office of Human Resources, Title IX Coordinator, or a member of the Response Team in person, by telephone, electronically, or by email. Such reporting ensures timely support for all parties and enables an effective and consistent institutional response.

B. All Other Employees and Students

All other employees (who are not designated as Confidential Resources) will safeguard an individual’s privacy, but are strongly encouraged to share any information about such conduct with the Office of Human Resources, Title IX Coordinator, or a member of the Response Team, in recognition of the understanding that centralized reporting is an important tool to address, end and prevent Prohibited Conduct.
Similarly, all **students** (who are not otherwise required to report as a Responsible Employee) are **strongly encouraged** to report any information, including reports or partial reports, to the Office of Human Resources, Title IX Coordinator, or a member of the Response Team.

C. **Confidential Resources**

Confidential Resources will **not share** information about an individual (including whether that individual has received services) without the individual’s express written permission, unless there is a continuing threat of serious violence to the patient/client or to others or there is a legal obligation to reveal such information (e.g., suspected abuse or neglect of a minor).

VIll. **PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIALITY**

For any report under this Policy, every effort will be made to respect and safeguard the privacy interests of all individuals involved in a manner consistent with the need for a careful assessment of the allegation and any necessary steps to eliminate the conduct, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects. Privacy and confidentiality have distinct meanings under this Policy.

A. **Privacy**

Privacy generally means that information related to a report under this Policy will only be shared with those College employees who “need to know” in order to assist in the active review, investigation, or resolution of the report. While not bound by confidentiality, these individuals will be discreet and respect the privacy of all individuals involved in the process. If the decision is made to pursue disciplinary action against a Responding Party, information related to the report will be shared with the Responding Party. Information regarding a report will not be shared with either party’s parents or guardians unless: the party is a minor (and sharing is permissible under the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)); the party has signed a waiver that is compliant with
FERPA; or there is an articulated threat to the health or safety of the party or other individuals.

B. Confidentiality

Confidentiality means that information shared with designated campus or community professionals will only be disclosed with the individual’s express written permission, unless there is a continuing threat of serious harm to the patient/client or to others or there is a legal obligation to reveal such information (e.g., where there is suspected abuse or neglect of a minor). An individual can seek confidential assistance and support by speaking with specially designated Confidential Resources.

C. Records

The Office of Human Resources and Title IX Coordinator will maintain records of all reports under this Policy and their outcomes in order to track patterns and systemic behaviors.

D. Release of Information

If a report of Prohibited Conduct discloses a serious and immediate threat to the campus community, Franklin College Security Office will issue a timely notification to protect the health or safety of the community as required by the Clery Act. The notification will not include identifying information about a Reporting Party.

Pursuant to the Clery Act and the Amendments to the Violence Against Women Act, anonymous statistical information regarding reported criminal incidents must be shared with Franklin College Security Office for inclusion in the Daily Crime Log. This information will also be included in the College’s Annual Security Report (http://franklincollege.edu/parents-2/safety-security/). The College may also share aggregate and not personally identifiable data about reports, outcomes, and sanctions.

All College proceedings are conducted in accordance with the requirements of Title IX, the Clery
Act, the Violence Against Women Act, FERPA, Indiana and local law, and College policy. No information, including the identity of the parties, will be released from such proceedings except as required or permitted by law or College policy.

VIII. INTERIM PROTECTIVE MEASURES

When a report is received, the Response Team, in consultation with other administrators, will impose reasonable and appropriate Interim Protective Measures when necessary to protect the safety of the parties or witnesses involved. Interim Protective Measures are temporary actions taken by the College to ensure equal access to its education programs and activities and foster a more stable and safe environment during the process of reporting, investigation, and/or adjudication. Interim Protective Measures may be applied to the Reporting Party, the Responding Party, and other involved individuals as appropriate to ensure their safety and well-being. Interim Protective Measures may be requested by the parties or the College at any time, regardless of whether any particular course of action is sought by the Reporting Party.

Interim Protective Measures are initiated based on information gathered during a report and are not intended to be permanent resolutions; hence, they may be amended or withdrawn as additional information is gathered. The Office of Human Resources or the Title IX Coordinator, in consultation with other administrators, will maintain consistent contact with the parties so that all safety, emotional, and physical well-being concerns can be reasonably addressed.

All individuals are encouraged to report concerns about the adequacy of the Interim Protective Measures or failure of another individual to abide by any Interim Protective Measure to the Office of Human Resources or to the Title IX Coordinator. Violations of Interim Protective Measures will be addressed under this Policy. The Office of Human Resources or the Title IX Coordinator will take appropriate, responsive, and prompt action to enforce Interim Protective Measures and/or to respond to Retaliation by another party or witness.

The range of Interim Protective Measures includes:
• Access to counseling services and assistance in setting up initial appointments, both on and off campus
• Imposition of a campus “No Contact Order”
• Rescheduling of exams and assignments
• Providing alternative course completion options
• Change in class schedule, including the ability to drop a course without penalty or to transfer sections
• Change in work schedule or job assignment
• Change in student’s campus housing
• Assistance from College support staff in completing housing relocation
• Limiting access to certain College facilities or activities pending resolution of the matter
• Voluntary leave of absence
• Providing an escort to assure safe movement between classes and activities
• Arranging for medical services
• Providing academic support services, such as tutoring
• College-imposed leave, suspension, or separation for the Responding Party

• Any other measure which can be tailored to the involved individuals to achieve the goals of this Policy.

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4Where the Responding Party is a student, cases involving violence will be immediately referred to the Response Team to determine whether the Responding Party poses a serious threat of disruption to the academic process or a continuing danger to members of the College community or College property.

IX. ACADEMIC FREEDOM AND INTEGRITY

Prohibited Conduct under this Policy is not a proper exercise of academic freedom and may not be legally protected expression. On the contrary, Prohibited Conduct compromises the College’s integrity, as well as its tradition of intellectual freedom.

X. EDUCATION AND PREVENTION PROGRAMS

The College is committed to offering educational programs to promote awareness and prevention of Prohibited Conduct. Educational programs include an overview of the College’s policies and procedures; relevant
definitions, including prohibited conduct, discussion of the impact of alcohol and illegal drug use; Consent; safe and positive options for bystander intervention; review of resources and reporting options available for students, faculty, and staff; and information about risk reduction. Incoming first year students and new employees will receive primary prevention and awareness programming as part of their orientation. Returning students and employees will also have ongoing opportunities for training and education. The College’s Office of Human Resources and the Title IX Coordinator maintain an education and prevention calendar and tailor programming to campus needs and climate. On-line training programs can be accessed through the Office of Human Resources’ website at (Click this link) In addition, more information about education and prevention programs can be found through the division of Student Affairs by calling (317) 738-8080.

As part of the College’s commitment to provide an educational and work environment free from Prohibited Conduct, this Policy will be disseminated widely to the College community through e-mail communication, websites, new employee orientations, student orientations, and other appropriate channels of communication.

XI.    ANNUAL REVIEW

This Policy is maintained by the Office of Human Resources. The Response Team will review this Policy on at least an annual basis. The review will capture evolving legal requirements, evaluate the supports and resources available to the parties, and assess the effectiveness of the resolution process (including as to the fairness of the process, the time needed to complete the process, and the sanctions and remedies imposed). The review will include the opportunity for individuals affected by the Policy to provide feedback and will incorporate an aggregate view of reports, resolution, and climate. The Office of Human Resources will prepare an annual report, publicly available, which will include recommendations and steps taken to improve the delivery of services and the effectiveness of the Policy and procedures.

XII. RELATED COLLEGE POLICIES

ADA Reasonable Accommodations in Employment (Employee Handbook, Section 030) States that, upon the request of any College
employee or applicant for employment, the College will provide reasonable accommodations for that individual’s known disability. Reasonable accommodations may include but are not limited to making facilities accessible, job restructuring, and modifying equipment or devices.

Faculty Grievance Procedures
(Faculty Handbook, Section II. J. 38): can seek prompt, orderly, and fair resolution of work-related disputes.

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) Policy:
(KEY – Section A.8) States that students who are or have been in attendance at Franklin College have the right to inspect and review their education records upon written request and identifies what student education records may be public and what information is protected from disclosure except under specified circumstances.

The Key: a Guide to Student Life
The Key Applies to every student and covers offenses other than those addressed by The Franklin College Policy on Prohibited Discrimination, Harassment and Related Misconduct. Offenses proscribed by the Student Code of conduct include but are not limited to academic dishonesty, conduct adversely affecting members of the College Community or the College, conduct affecting persons or property, conduct affecting the integrity of the College, and group offenses.

Minors on Campus Policy
Requires criminal background checks for all program staff (paid and volunteer) of any residential program serving minors. Furthermore, any employee who reasonably suspects a child has been abused or neglected by a parent, guardian, or caregiver must report that suspicion to a county department of social services. (Policy in development)

Policy on Non-Discrimination for Program Participants
(Employee Handbook – Sections 025 and 160; KEY – Section D.18) Provides for prompt and equitable resolution of complaints by College visitors or program participants who allege unlawful harassment, discrimination, or retaliation in College programs or activities.

Policy on Improper Relationships Between Students and Employees
Prohibits amorous or sexual relationships between faculty or staff employees and: (1) students they evaluate or supervise incident to any
College employment responsibility or authority; or (2) students under the age of eighteen. (Policy in development)

Policy Statement on Non-Discrimination
States that it is College policy not to discriminate in offering access to its educational programs and activities or with respect to employment terms and conditions on the basis of race, color, gender, national origin, age, religion, creed, genetic information, disability, veteran's status, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression.

Violence in the Workplace Policy
(Employee Handbook Section 165) The College is committed to providing a workplace free from violence by establishing preventative measures, holding perpetrators of violence accountable, and providing assistance and support to victims. The College’s Employee Threat Assessment and Response Team will assess and respond to immediate and potential threats of workplace violence. The College will protect victims of workplace violence by offering security measures and accommodating other requests whenever possible and appropriate.

Procedures for Reporting and Responding to Complaints of Discrimination, Harassment, and Related Misconduct Involving a Student as the Responding Party

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I. OVERVIEW

This document sets forth procedures for reporting, investigating, and responding to Discrimination, Harassment (including Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment and Sexual Violence), Interpersonal Violence, Stalking, Complicity, and Retaliation (hereinafter collectively referred to as “Prohibited Conduct”) involving a student as the Responding Party. Please refer to the Policy for applicable definitions of key terms (click this link).

All community members are strongly encouraged to report to the College any incident of Prohibited Conduct. Many College administrators are specifically trained to support individuals affected by such Prohibited Conduct, and the College is committed to promoting a safe and healthy educational and work environment.

Individuals are encouraged to report incidents of Prohibited Conduct to the Office of Human Resources, the Title IX Coordinator, the Office of the Vice President for Campus Life, or the Franklin College Security Office. As an alternative, as outlined below, an individual can also seek confidential assistance that does not involve notice to the College.

Upon receipt of a report, the Response Team,² a core group of administrators that includes the Title IX Coordinator, Director of Security, Provost and Dean of the College, Vice President for Campus Life and Dean of Students, will offer appropriate resources to support the Reporting Party (e.g., medical care, counseling resources, safe housing) and conduct an Initial Assessment. The Initial Assessment will consider the nature of the report, the safety of the parties and the campus community, the Reporting Party’s expressed preference for resolution, and the necessity for any Interim Protective Measures.

Following this Initial Assessment, the Response Team may: 1) take no further action (e.g., at the Reporting Party’s request or where the conduct, on its face, would not rise to the level of a Policy violation); 2) pursue Voluntary Resolution that does not involve disciplinary action against the Responding Party; or 3)
pursue Investigation and Adjudication to determine if disciplinary action is warranted. Each resolution process is guided by the same principles of fairness and respect for all parties. Resources are available for both a Reporting Party and a Responding Party to provide support and guidance throughout the Investigation and resolution of the report.

The College encourages a Reporting Party to explore all available options for resolution, including a report under the Policy and a report to law enforcement. The processes are not mutually exclusive an individual can choose to pursue both a report under the Policy and a criminal investigation at the same time. If an individual has not already contacted the Security Office or a law enforcement agency, a member of the Response Team is available to assist a Reporting Party in contacting the College’s Security Office or an appropriate law enforcement agency.

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2 The Response Team is a core group of administrators, who are responsible for the consistent application of the Policy. Members of the Response Team can help any College community member understand the Policy and the options for resolving concerns raised under this Policy in academic or work settings at the College. The Response Team will protect and safeguard the privacy of all individuals involved in a manner consistent with the need for a careful assessment of and response to the report. The Response Team will consist of a small “need to know” number of individuals.

II. EMERGENCY LAW ENFORCEMENT, MEDICAL, AND CRISIS RESPONSE RESOURCES

As a first priority, the College encourages all individuals to report Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence, Stalking, or potential criminal conduct by calling 911 or by contacting the Security Office. If the incident occurred off-campus, the Security Office will refer the report to the police department or law enforcement agency in the correct jurisdiction.

The College also encourages individuals to seek assistance from a medical provider or crisis response service immediately after an incident of Sexual Violence or Interpersonal Violence. This provides the opportunity to address physical well-being or health concerns, preserve
any available evidence, and begin a timely investigative and remedial response. Emotional care, counseling, and crisis response are also available on and off campus.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Law</th>
<th>Medical Providers &amp; Crisis Response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Franklin College Security Office</strong></td>
<td><strong>Franklin College Campus Health Services</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>317-738-8888</td>
<td>317-738-8090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="#">Campus Security Web Page</a></td>
<td><a href="#">Health Center Web Page</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Security Office will help any individual get to a safe place,</td>
<td>After hours: 317-738-8888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coordination with outside law enforcement, and information about</td>
<td>• Confidential care for students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>the College’s resources and complaint processes.</td>
<td>• Medical referral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Franklin Police Department</strong></td>
<td><strong>Johnson County Hospital Emergency Room</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If in an emergency, dial 911</td>
<td>317-736-2600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>317-736-3670</td>
<td>• Confidential care for students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="#">Franklin Police Department Web Page</a></td>
<td>• Sexual assault exams/evidence collection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Johnson County Sheriff's Department</strong></td>
<td>• After-hours medical care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If in an emergency, dial 911</td>
<td>• Screening and treatment of STIs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>317-736-9155</td>
<td>• Emergency contraceptives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="#">Johnson County Sheriff's Department Web Page</a></td>
<td><strong>Franklin College Counseling &amp; Psychological Services</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Franklin College Counseling &amp; Psychological Services</strong></td>
<td>317-738-8080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If in an emergency, dial 911</td>
<td><a href="#">Counseling Center Web Page</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="#">Johnson County Sheriff's Department Web Page</a></td>
<td>• Confidential care for students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Franklin College Counseling &amp; Psychological Services</strong></td>
<td>• Individual and group counseling and referral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If in an emergency, dial 911</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>317-738-8080</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### III. RESOURCES AND REPORTING OPTIONS

All individuals are encouraged to seek the support of on and off campus resources, regardless of when or where the incident occurred. Trained professionals can provide
guidance in making decisions, information about available resources and procedural options, and assistance to either party in the event that a report and/or resolution under the Policy is pursued. In general, the College provides two categories of resources: **Confidential Resources** and **Reporting Options**. Detailed information about each of these categories is provided below.

### A. Confidential Resources

The trained professionals designated below can provide counseling, information, and support in a confidential setting. These confidential resources will not share information about a patient/client (including whether that individual has received services) without the individual’s express written permission unless there is a continuing threat of serious harm to the patient/client or to others or there is a legal obligation to reveal such information (e.g., suspected abuse or neglect of a minor).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>On Campus Confidential</th>
<th>Off Campus Confidential Resources</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Campus Health Services** 317-738-8090  
Health Center Web Page  
After hours: 317-738-8888 | **Johnson Memorial Hospital**  
**Emergency Room** 317-736-2600 |
| **Counseling & Psychological Services** 317-738-8080  
Counseling Center Web Page | |
| **Campus Ministry** 317-738-8140 | |
B. Reporting Options

The College encourages a Reporting Party to promptly report
Prohibited Conduct directly to the Office of Human Resources,
Equal Opportunity Officer, the Title IX Coordinator, the Office of
the Vice President for Student Affairs, or the Franklin College
Security Office.

The College encourages all individuals to promptly report
Prohibited Conduct so that immediate and corrective action can
be taken to eliminate the conduct, prevent its recurrence, and
address its effects. The College will provide support and
assistance and will respond consistent with the procedural options
available at the time of the report. Upon receipt of a report, the
Office of Human Resources, Equal Opportunity Officer or Title
IX Coordinator will refer it to the Response Team, who will make
an immediate assessment of the risk of harm to the parties or to
the broader campus community and will take steps necessary to
address any risks. These steps will include establishing Interim
Protective Measures to provide for the safety of the parties and the
campus community and, where appropriate, to assess whether any
individual poses a serious threat of disruption of the academic
process or a continuing danger to other members of the College
community or College property.

The College recognizes that deciding whether to make a report
and choosing how to proceed are personal decisions that may
evolve over time. At the time a report is made, a Reporting Party
does not have to decide whether to request any particular course of
action. Through a coordinated effort, staff from the offices listed
below provide support to assist each individual in making these
important decisions, and consistent with the goal of safety for all
community members. These staff will make every effort to
respect an individual’s autonomy in making the determination as
to how to proceed.

Any individual can also make a report to external law enforcement
agencies.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>On Campus</th>
<th>Off Campus Reporting Options For External Law Enforcement Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Franklin College Security Office  
317-738-8888  
Campus Security Web Page | 911 |
| Office of Human Resources  
101 Branigin Boulevard, Franklin Indiana 46131  
317-738-8026  
Franklin College Human Resources | Franklin Police Department  
If in an emergency, dial 911  
317-736-3670  
Franklin Police Department Web Page |
| Title IX Coordinator  
June Henderson  
317-738-8028 | Johnson County Sheriff's Department  
If in an emergency, dial 911  
317-736-9155  
Johnson County Sheriff's Department Web Page |
| Deputy Title IX Coordinator  
Steve Leonard  
317-738-8316  
101 Branigin Boulevard, Franklin, IN 46131  
Title IX | |
| The Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs  
101 Branigin Boulevard, Franklin Indiana 46131  
317-738-8080 | Law Enforcement Agency in the Local Jurisdiction Where the Incident Occurred |

1. **Anonymous Reporting**

Any individual may make a report of Prohibited Conduct to the College without disclosing one’s name (an “anonymous report”) and without identifying the Responding Party or requesting any action. Depending on the level of information available about the incident or the individuals involved, the College’s ability to respond to an anonymous report may be limited. The Anonymous Reporting Form can be found by [clicking this link](#).

The Office of Human Resources, Equal Opportunity Officer or Title IX Coordinator will receive the anonymous report and refer it to the
Response Team, who will determine any appropriate next steps, including individual or community remedies.

A Reporting Party can also submit an anonymous report to Franklin College Security Office or other law enforcement agency. Anonymous reports can be submitted to Franklin College Security Office using the following link: (click this link)

2. Reporting Considerations: Timeliness and Location of Incident

All individuals, including a Reporting Party or witness, are encouraged to report Prohibited Conduct regardless of when or where it occurred, as soon as possible to maximize the ability to respond promptly and effectively. The College does not, however, limit the time frame for reporting. If the Responding Party is no longer a student at the time of the report, or if the conduct did not occur on campus, in the context of an education program or activity of the College, or have continuing adverse effects on campus or in an off-campus education program or activity, the College may not be able to fully investigate nor take disciplinary action against the Responding Party. In each instance, the College will still provide any fair and reasonable support and resources to a Reporting Party designed to end the Prohibited Conduct, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects. The Response Team will also help a Reporting Party identify external reporting options.

3. Amnesty Reporting

Any student who reports Prohibited Conduct either as a witness or as Reporting Party and cooperates with the investigation will not be subject to disciplinary action by the College for violations of the College’s alcohol/drug policy occurring at or near the time of the reported Prohibited Conduct. Being intoxicated by drugs or alcohol does not diminish a student’s responsibility to obtain consent and is no defense to any violation of this Policy.
IV. PROCEDURAL OPTIONS

A. Time Frame for Resolution

Consistent with the goal to maximize educational opportunities and minimize the disruptive nature of the investigation and resolution, the Response Team seeks to resolve all reports within one academic semester, depending on when the report is received. In general, an Investigation may last up to sixty (60) business days, from receipt of written notice from the Reporting Party of the intent to proceed with Investigation and sufficient information for the Response Team to determine that the report raises a potential issue under Section II (Scope and Applicability) and Section IV (Prohibited Conduct) of the Policy. Adjudication will generally take up to thirty (30) business days from the date of the Investigative Finding. Business days do not include weekends or holidays. The Response Team may set reasonable time frames for required actions under the Policy. Those time frames may be extended for good cause as necessary to ensure the integrity and completeness of the Investigation, comply with a request by external law enforcement, accommodate the availability of witnesses, accommodate delays by the parties, account for College breaks or vacations, or address other legitimate reasons, including the complexity of the Investigation (including the number of witnesses and volume of information provided by the parties) and the severity and extent of the alleged conduct. Any extension of the timeframes, and the reason for the extension, will be shared with the parties in writing. Best efforts will be made to complete the process in a timely manner by balancing principles of thoroughness and fundamental fairness with promptness.

B. Initial Assessment

When a report is made, the Response Team, will conduct an Initial Assessment. The assessment will determine whether the alleged conduct would present a potential violation of the Policy and whether further action is warranted based on the alleged conduct.
The first step of the Initial Assessment will usually be a preliminary meeting between the Reporting Party and a member of the Response Team to gather facts that will enable Response Team as appropriate, to:

- Assess the nature and circumstances of the allegation
- Address any immediate concerns about the physical safety and emotional well-being of the parties
- If the conduct is criminal in nature, notify the Reporting Party of the option to notify law enforcement and to be assisted in doing so, as well as the option to decline to notify law enforcement
- Notify the Reporting Party of the availability of medical treatment to address any physical and mental health concerns and to preserve evidence
- Provide the Reporting Party with information about:
  - On and off campus resources
  - The available range of Interim Protective Measures
  - An explanation of the procedural options, including Voluntary Resolution and Investigation and Adjudication
- Discuss the Reporting Party’s expressed preference for manner of resolution and any barriers to proceeding
- Explain the College’s policy prohibiting Retaliation
- Explain the role of the Support Person, Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate
- Conduct an assessment for potential pattern evidence or other similar conduct
- Assess the reported conduct for the need for a timely warning under federal law
- Enter non-identifying information about the report into the College’s daily crime log if the conduct is potentially criminal in nature

Where a Reporting Party requests that their name or other identifiable information not be shared with the Responding Party or that no formal action be taken, the Response Team will balance this request against the following factors in reaching a determination whether the request can be honored:
• the nature and scope of the alleged conduct, including whether the reported misconduct involves the use of a weapon;
• the respective ages and roles of the Reporting and Responding Parties;
• the risk posed to any individual or to the campus community by not proceeding, including the risk of additional violence;
• whether there have been other reports of misconduct by the Responding Party;
• whether the report reveals a pattern of misconduct (e.g., via illicit use of drugs or alcohol) at a given location or by a particular group
• the Reporting Party’s wish to pursue disciplinary action;
• whether the College possesses other means to obtain relevant evidence;
• considerations of fundamental fairness and due process with respect to the Responding Party should the course of action include disciplinary action against the Responding Party; and
• the College’s obligation to provide a safe and non-discriminatory environment.

Where possible based on the facts and circumstances, the Response Team will seek action consistent with the Reporting Party’s expressed preference for manner of resolution, recognizing that the College must move forward with cases in which there appears to be a threat to any individual or the College as a whole. The College’s ability to fully investigate and respond to a report may be limited if the Reporting Party requests that their name not be disclosed to the Responding Party or declines to participate in an Investigation.

At the conclusion of the Initial Assessment, the Response Team will determine the appropriate resolution route. Resolution may include:
1. No further action,
2. Voluntary Resolution, or
3. The initiation of an Investigation and Adjudication that may lead to disciplinary action.
Regardless of the manner of resolution, a Responding Party may choose to accept responsibility at any stage in the process.

Charts that illustrate the procedural options described herein are found here [click this link](#).

### C. Voluntary Resolution

Voluntary Resolution, when selected by the Reporting Party and deemed appropriate by the Response Team, is a path designed to eliminate the conduct at issue, prevent its recurrence, and remedy its effects in a manner that meets the expressed preference of the Reporting Party and the safety and welfare of the campus community. Voluntary Resolution does not involve an Investigation or disciplinary action against a Responding Party, and is not appropriate for all forms of conduct under the Policy.

The College retains the discretion to determine, when selected by the Reporting Party, which cases are appropriate for Voluntary Resolution. If a Reporting Party requests Voluntary Resolution, and the Response Team concludes that Voluntary Resolution is appropriate based on the factors outlined in the Initial Assessment, members of the Response Team will take appropriate action by imposing individual and community remedies designed to maximize the Reporting Party’s access to all employment, educational, and extracurricular opportunities and benefits at the College and to eliminate a potential hostile environment. A Reporting Party may request and decide to pursue Voluntary Resolution at any time. In those cases in which the Voluntary Resolution involves either the notification to or participation by the Responding Party, it is the Responding Party’s decision whether to accept Voluntary Resolution.

Voluntary Resolution may include: establishing Interim Protective Measures; conducting targeted or broad- based educational programming or training for relevant individuals or groups; providing increased monitoring, supervision, or security at locations or activities where the misconduct occurred; facilitating a meeting with the Responding Party with the Reporting Party present (in cases that do not involve Sexual Assault); and any other remedy that can be tailored to the
involved individuals to achieve the goals of the Policy. In some forms of Voluntary Resolution, the remedies imposed will focus on supporting the Reporting Party with no participation or involvement by the Responding Party. In other forms of Voluntary Resolution, the Responding Party may agree to participate. Depending on the type of remedy used, it may be possible for a Reporting Party to maintain anonymity.

Voluntary Resolution may also include restorative principles that are designed to allow a Responding Party to accept responsibility for misconduct and acknowledge harm to the Reporting Party or to the College community. Restorative models will be used only with the consent of both parties, under the supervision of College-sanctioned trained professionals, and following a determination by the College that the matter is appropriate for a restorative approach.

The College will not compel a Reporting Party to engage in mediation, to confront directly the Responding Party, or to participate in any particular form of informal resolution. Mediation, even if voluntary, will not be used in cases involving Sexual Assault. As the title implies, participation in Voluntary Resolution is a choice, and either party can request to end this manner of resolution and pursue an Investigation and Adjudication at any time, including if Voluntary Resolution is unsuccessful at resolving the report. Similarly, a Reporting Party can request to end an Investigation and pursue Voluntary Resolution at any time. In addition, either party may request Interim Protective Measures regardless of whether any particular course of action is sought.

To assess pattern or systemic behavior fairly, the Equal Opportunity Officer will maintain records of all reports and conduct referred for Voluntary Resolution. Information disclosed during the Voluntary Resolution process may be considered during a subsequent Investigation or Adjudication. The time frame for completion of Voluntary Resolution may vary, but the College will seek to complete the process within thirty (30) business days of the Reporting Party’s request.
D. Investigation

Following the Initial Assessment, and in consultation with the Reporting Party, the College will initiate a prompt, thorough, and impartial Investigation of conduct that is a potential violation of the Policy and is not being addressed through Voluntary Resolution. The Response Team will designate an investigator(s) who has training and experience investigating allegations of Prohibited Conduct. The investigator will coordinate the gathering of information to make an investigative finding regarding whether the alleged conduct constitutes a violation of the Policy by a preponderance of the evidence. A preponderance of the evidence means that it is more likely than not that the conduct occurred.

Information gathered during the Investigation will be used to evaluate the appropriate course of action, provide for individual and campus safety, and identify the need for Interim Protective Measures and other remedies as necessary to eliminate the alleged conduct and to address its effects.

1. Investigative Process

The Response Team will send the Reporting Party and the Responding Party a written Notice of Investigation, which constitutes the formal charge. The Notice of Investigation will contain a summary of the allegation or conduct at issue, the range of potential violations under the Policy, and the range of potential sanctions. Where appropriate, the Notice of Investigation will also contain notification that dismissal is a potential sanction and that dismissal precludes matriculation at the College. Upon receipt of the Notice of Investigation, or at any stage in the process, the Responding Party may choose to accept responsibility for the Policy violation. Once the Notice of Investigation has been delivered to the parties, the Investigation phase begins.

The Response Team will oversee the Investigation. The Investigation is designed to provide a fair and reliable gathering of the facts by a trained and impartial investigator. All individuals, including the Reporting Party, the Responding Party,
and any third party witnesses, will be treated with appropriate sensitivity and respect throughout the Investigation. The Investigation will safeguard the privacy of the individuals involved in a manner consistent with federal law and College policy.

During the Investigation, the Reporting Party and Responding Party will have an equal opportunity to be heard, to submit information, and to identify witnesses who may have relevant information. The investigator will speak separately with the Reporting Party, the Responding Party, and any other individuals who are willing to participate and have information relevant to the determination of responsibility. As part of the Investigation, the investigator may gather or receive information that is relevant to the determination of an appropriate sanction or remedy, including information about the impact of the alleged incident on parties.

Throughout the process, any participant may accompanied by a Support Person present related to resolution of a report under the Policy. The Support Person can be anyone of the individual’s choosing who is not otherwise a party or witness involved in the Investigation.

The investigator will also gather any available physical or documentary evidence, including prior statements by the parties or witnesses, any communications between the parties, email messages, social media materials, text messages, and other records as appropriate and available.

The College will seek to conclude the Investigation within sixty (60) business days from the issuance of the Notice of Investigation. This Notice will generally be issued within five (5) days of receipt of written notice from the Reporting Party of the intent to proceed with Investigation and sufficient information for the Response Team to determine that the report falls within Section II (Scope and Applicability) and Section IV (Prohibited Conduct) of the Policy. The time frame for completion of the Investigation, or any designated time frames of steps in the Investigation, may be extended for good cause as necessary to ensure the integrity and completeness of the Investigation, to comply with a request by external law
enforcement, to accommodate the availability of witnesses, to account for College breaks or vacations, to account for complexities of a case (including the number of witnesses and volume of information provided by the parties), or to address other legitimate reasons. Any extension of the timeframes, and the reason for the extension, will be shared with the parties in writing. Best efforts will be made to complete the process in a timely manner by balancing principles of thoroughness and fundamental fairness with promptness.

Where the College is made aware that there is a concurrent criminal investigation, the Response Team will coordinate with law enforcement so that any College processes do not interfere with the integrity or the timing of the law enforcement investigation. At the request of law enforcement, the College may agree to defer the fact-finding portion of its Investigation until after the initial stages of a criminal investigation. The Response Team will nevertheless communicate with the parties regarding resources and accommodations, procedural options, anticipated timing, and the implementation of any necessary Interim Protective Measures for the safety and well-being of all affected individuals. If the College decides to defer the fact-finding portion of its Investigation until after the initial stages of a criminal investigation, the investigator will promptly resume fact-gathering as soon as law enforcement has released the case for review following the initial criminal investigation.

All community members, including students, faculty and other College employees, are expected to cooperate with the Response Team in the Investigation, as well as the Adjudication, of any report to assure fairness and procedural due process. The Response Team may request the appearance of persons from the College community who can provide substantial, relevant evidence. Both a Reporting Party and a Responding Party may decline to participate in proceedings under the Policy; the Response Team will determine whether the Investigation and Hearing will proceed without the Reporting Party pursuant to the factors set out in Section IV.B above or without the Responding Party.
2. **Relevance and Special Considerations**

The investigator has the discretion to determine the relevance of any witness or other evidence to the finding of responsibility, and may exclude information in preparing the investigation report if the information is irrelevant, immaterial, or more prejudicial than informative.

The investigator may also exclude statements of personal opinion by witnesses and statements as to general reputation for any character trait, including honesty. The investigator will not exclude direct observations or reasonable inferences drawn from the facts.

**A. Character Evidence:** Information that does not directly relate to the facts at issue, but instead, reflects upon the reputation, personality, qualities, or habits of an individual – that is, information regarding the character of the Reporting Party, the Responding Party, or any witness – is not relevant to the determination of whether there is a policy violation.

**B. Prior Sexual History and/or Pattern Evidence:** A party’s character or reputation with respect to other sexual activity is not relevant and will not be considered as evidence. Similarly, a party’s prior or subsequent sexual activity is typically not relevant and will only be considered as evidence under limited circumstances. Those circumstances include:

1. **Pattern Evidence**

   Evidence of an occurrence or occurrences of sexual or other relevant behavior so distinctive and so closely resembling either party’s version of the alleged encounter as to tend to prove a material fact, including whether consent was sought or given, may be admissible. Where there is evidence of a pattern of similar conduct, either before or after the conduct in question, regardless of whether there has been a prior finding of a Policy violation by the Responding Party, this information may be deemed relevant to the
determination of Policy violation or assigning of a sanction. The determination of relevance will be based on an assessment of whether the previous or subsequent incident was substantially similar to the conduct cited in the report or indicates a pattern of behavior and substantial conformity with that pattern. Where there is a prior finding of a Policy violation by the Responding Party for a similar act of Prohibited Conduct, there is a presumption of relevance and the finding may be considered in making a determination as to responsibility and assigning of a sanction.

(2) Prior Sexual History between the Parties

Where there was a prior or ongoing relationship between the Reporting Party and the Responding Party, and the Responding Party asserts that Consent was sought and given, the prior sexual history between the parties may be relevant to assess the manner and nature of communications between the parties. As noted in other sections of the Policy, however, the mere fact of a current or previous dating or sexual relationship, by itself, is not sufficient to constitute Consent.

(3) Prior Sexual History with Other Parties

A party’s sexual history with an individual other than the Reporting Party or Responding Party may be relevant under very limited circumstances to prove intent, motive, absence of mistake, or to explain an injury or physical finding.

C. Consolidation of Reports

At the discretion of the College, multiple reports may be consolidated in one Investigation or one Hearing Panel
if the information related to each incident would be relevant and probative in reaching a determination on the other incident. This includes matters where the determination has been made that there is relevant Pattern Evidence or where the evidence of the other conduct is inextricably intertwined with Prohibited Conduct under the Policy. Matters may be consolidated where they involve multiple Reporting Parties, multiple Responding Parties, or related conduct involving the same parties that would otherwise have been heard under the Student Code of Conduct (provided that it does not delay the prompt resolution of conduct under the Policy).

D. Impact Statement

The Reporting Party and Responding Party will be provided the opportunity to submit a written Impact Statement. These written Impact Statements will not be considered in the determination of responsibility, but will be provided to the investigator, and at the appropriate stage of the process, to the disciplinary authority or Hearing Panel for consideration in the determination of the sanction and remedy. The Impact Statement may be submitted at any time in the process, provided that it is received no later than ten (10) business days after the parties have been given notice of the opportunity to review the draft Investigative Report. The parties may submit a supplemental Impact Statement to the disciplinary authority or Hearing Panel if there is a change in circumstances warranting an updated Impact Statement. The Impact Statements will be shared with the parties, and may be redacted at the discretion of the Response Team, or in accordance with FERPA.

The Response Team may also consider a community Impact Statement as appropriate based on the nature and facts of the circumstances and the extent to which
the conduct at issue was directed at and created a hostile environment for community members beyond the Reporting Party. The Response Team may limit the submission or use of community Impact Statements.


At the conclusion of the Investigation, the investigator will prepare a written report that summarizes the information gathered, synthesizes the areas of agreement and disagreement between the parties with any supporting information or accounts, and includes an Investigative Finding regarding whether a Policy violation occurred. However, before the report is finalized, the Reporting Party and Responding Party will be given the opportunity to review a draft Investigation Report, which will not include the Investigative Finding, and may be presented in redacted format. The parties will not receive an electronic or written copy, nor may they photograph or copy the draft Investigation Report, but they will be permitted to take notes on the content.

A Reporting Party and Responding Party may submit any additional comment or information to the investigator within five (5) business days of the date of the notice of the opportunity to review of the draft Investigation Report. This is the final opportunity for the parties to identify any additional information or witnesses. In the absence of good cause, information discoverable through the exercise of due diligence that is not provided to the investigator at this juncture will not be considered by the investigator or Hearing Panel.

4. Investigative Finding

Upon receipt of any additional information from the Reporting Party or Responding Party, or after the five (5) business day comment period has lapsed without comment, the investigator will make an Investigative Finding, by a preponderance of the evidence, regarding whether a Policy violation occurred and will recommend a sanction and/or remedy based on the Investigative Finding.
In reaching these determinations, the investigator will consult with the Response Team and any other designated administrator who has information relevant to the Investigation. The investigator may also seek information from the Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs regarding prior disciplinary history and Security Office regarding prior criminal history.

Both the Reporting Party and Responding Party will be notified of the Investigative Finding and the recommended sanction(s) and/or remedy(ies) in writing at the same time.

E. Outcome Conference

Upon issuance of the Investigative Finding, and where appropriate, a recommended sanction and/or remedy, each party will have the opportunity to meet, separately, with the Vice President for Student Affairs and Dean of Students or designee. The Vice President for Student Affairs and Dean of Students or designee will share the Investigative Finding and, as applicable, the recommended sanction with the Reporting Party and Responding Party and the remedy with the Reporting Party. During the Outcome Conference, the parties will each have an opportunity to review the full Investigation Report. The parties will not, however, receive an electronic or written copy, nor may they photograph or copy the Investigation Report. The parties will be permitted to take notes on the content.

Where there has been an Investigative Finding that a Policy violation has occurred, both the Reporting Party and Responding Party may:

1. Accept both the Investigative Finding and recommended sanction;

2. Accept the Investigative Finding, but request a Hearing on the recommended sanction; or,

If either party requests a Hearing, the matter will be referred to a Hearing Panel to determine whether a Policy violation was committed and/or to determine an appropriate sanction. Where there has been an Investigative Finding that no Policy violation occurred, the Reporting Party may:

1. Accept the Investigative Finding (on one or all of the alleged violations); or

2. Request Administrative Review of the Investigative Finding (on one or all of the alleged violations).

The Reporting Party and Responding Party must communicate their chosen course of action to the Vice President and Dean of Students or designee in writing (e.g., email, facsimile, letter) within five (5) business days of notification of the Investigative Finding.

F. Adjudication Options

At the conclusion of the Outcome Conference, one of the following will occur:

1. Imposition of Final Finding, Sanction, and Remedy

Where both the Reporting Party and the Responding Party agree to the Investigative Finding and any recommended sanction, or where neither party requests further review, the outcome will become final. The finality of the outcome, which is not subject to further appeal or review, will be communicated to the parties, in writing at the same time.

2. Administrative Review of an Investigative Finding of No Policy Violation

Where the Reporting Party requests administrative review of the Investigative Finding that no Policy violation occurred, the
Investigation Report will be reviewed by a designee of the President. Both the Responding Party and the Reporting Party will have the opportunity to meet with the reviewer or submit additional information in writing. The designated reviewer may agree with the Investigative Finding, reverse the finding, or request additional investigative follow-up. The designated reviewer will render a decision in writing to both parties at the same time within ten (10) business days of receipt of the request for review. This timeframe may be extended for good cause provided that both the delay and the reason for the delay are communicated to the parties in writing.

Where the designated reviewer agrees with the Investigative Finding, this determination is final and is not subject to further appeal or review. Where the designated reviewer reverses the Investigative Finding that there is no Policy violation, the matter will be immediately forwarded for Adjudication by the Hearing Panel. Where the designated reviewer requests additional Investigation, the matter will be returned to the investigator for further review.

3. Adjudication by a Hearing Panel: Review of an Investigative Finding that a Policy Violation Occurred

If the Responding Party challenges the Investigative Finding that a Policy violation occurred, the Response Team will issue a Notice of Hearing to the Reporting Party and the Responding Party and forward the report for adjudication by the Hearing Panel. The Hearing Panel’s role is twofold: determination that a Policy violation occurred by a preponderance of the evidence and, if warranted, imposition of sanctions.

The College is responsible for establishing that a Policy violation occurred, and the Reporting Party may choose their own level of engagement at the hearing. At the hearing, the investigator is responsible for and must present sufficient witness and/or documentary evidence to establish the violation. The Responding Party must be given an opportunity to question this evidence.
4. Adjudication by a Hearing Panel: Review of Recommended Sanction Only

Where either the Reporting Party or the Responding Party requests a hearing only on the recommended sanction, a Hearing Panel will be convened for the sole purpose of determining the appropriate sanction.

G. Imposition of Sanctions

The Policy prohibits a broad range of behaviors, which are serious in nature. In keeping with the College’s commitment to foster an environment that is safe, inclusive, and free of Prohibited Conduct, the Policy provides the investigator and Hearing Panel with wide latitude in the imposition of sanctions tailored to the facts and circumstances of each report, the impact of the misconduct on the Reporting Party and surrounding community, and accountability for the Responding Party. The imposition of sanctions is designed to eliminate Prohibited Conduct under the Policy, prevent its recurrence, and remedy its effects, while supporting the College’s educational mission and federal obligations. Sanctions may include educational, restorative, rehabilitative, and punitive components. Some behavior, however, is so egregious in nature, harmful to the individuals involved, or so deleterious to the educational process that it requires severe sanctions, including suspension or dismissal from the College.

In cases that are resolved at the Outcome Conference after the Investigation, the investigator, in concert with the Response Team, is responsible for determining the appropriate sanction. In cases that are resolved through a Hearing Panel, the Hearing Panel is responsible for determining the appropriate sanction. In reaching this determination, the investigator or Hearing Panel may solicit information from the Reporting Party, the Responding Party, and any other individual who can provide information relevant to a determination regarding potential sanctions. The investigator and Hearing Panel may also review any written Impact Statements submitted by the Reporting Party, the Responding Party, or a community representative. A Reporting Party or Responding Party who elects to meet with the
Hearing Panel may be accompanied by a Support Person and one other person: an Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate.

In determining the appropriate sanction, the investigator and the Hearing Panel shall consider the following factors:

- the nature and violence of the conduct at issue;
- the impact of the conduct on the Reporting Party;
- the impact or implications of the conduct on the community or the College;
- prior misconduct by the Responding Party, including the Responding Party’s relevant prior discipline history, both at the College or elsewhere, including criminal convictions;
- whether the Responding Party has accepted responsibility for the conduct;
- maintenance of a safe and respectful environment conducive to learning;
- protection of the College community; and,
- any other mitigating, aggravating, or compelling circumstances to reach a just and appropriate resolution in each case.

The investigator and the Hearing Panel may also consider restorative outcomes that, taking into account the safety of the community as a whole, allow a Responding Party to develop insight about their responsibility for the behavior, learn about the impact of the behavior on the Reporting Party and the community, and identify how to prevent or change the behavior.

Where the investigator or Hearing Panel concludes that a sanction of suspension or dismissal is appropriate, and the Responding Party has not already been suspended on an interim basis, there will be an immediate assessment by the Response
Team to determine whether the Responding Party poses a serious threat of disruption of the academic process or a continuing danger to other members of the College community or College property. The Response Team may impose interim suspension pending the conclusion of any appeal. Where the sanction is something other than suspension or dismissal, the imposition of sanction will be deferred pending the conclusion of any appeal. Interim Protective Measures in effect for the Reporting Party will continue pending the conclusion of any appeal.

1. Sanctions that Impact a Student’s Status

Sanctions may be imposed individually or in combination. Sanctions that affect a student’s status with the College include the following:

Dismissal, which must be approved by the President, means that a student is removed from the College permanently and may not be admitted to the College unless and until the President who imposed or approved the sanction (or the President’s successor) concludes on the basis of the former student’s petition and any supportive documentation that the individual should be given a new opportunity to pursue higher education with the College. The College will not refund tuition or fees paid by the student. Parents of a dependent student, as determined by the Office of Financial Aid, will be notified when a student is dismissed.

Permanent Suspension, which must be approved by the President, means that the student is removed from good standing and must leave the College permanently without an expectation that the student may eventually return to the campus. Permanent suspension from the College will remain in effect until the President who imposed or approved the sanction (or the President’s successor) concludes on the basis of the former student’s petition and any supportive documentation that the individual should
be given a new opportunity to pursue higher education at the College. The College will not refund tuition or fees paid by the student. Parents of a dependent student, as determined by the Office of Financial Aid, will be notified when a student is suspended permanently.

**Suspension for a Definite or Indefinite Period** means that the student is removed from good standing and must leave the College for a definite or indefinite period. This form of suspension anticipates that the student may eventually return if applicable conditions are satisfied. Academic work completed at another institution during a period in which a student is under suspension from the College may not be transferred toward the degree, but applicable health care or insurance benefits may be continued if the health insurance premium has already been paid. The College will not refund tuition or fees paid by the student. Parents of a dependent student, as determined by the Office of Financial Aid, will be notified when a student is suspended.

**Probation** for a Definite or Indefinite Period, including probation with associated conditions or requirements as set by the investigator or Hearing Panel, means that a student may remain at the College but may be required to satisfy specified conditions or requirements, report regularly to a designated administrator, and be barred from holding any office or participating in any activity in which the student represents the College, including athletics or other competitive teams, or from participating in any College-recognized student organizations either within or outside the College community. The sanction of probation prohibits graduation until the period of probation has ended and the student has complied with all requirements.

Dismissal, permanent suspension, suspension for a definite or indefinite period, and probation will be noted on a student’s file.
2. **Sanctions that Do Not Impact a Student’s Status**

Sanctions which do not affect a student’s good standing status with the College include, but are not limited to:

**Educational Requirements.** Completion of projects, programs, or requirements designed to help the student manage behavior and understand why it was inappropriate.

**“No Contact” Orders.** Compliance with orders of no contact that limit access to specific College areas or forms of contact with particular persons.

**Housing Restrictions.** Exclusion from College housing or change in housing arrangements.

**Compulsory Service.** Completion of compulsory service under guidelines established by the Response Team in consultation with the Vice President for Student Affairs and Dean of Students. Completion of compulsory service will be monitored by the Vice President for Student Affairs and Dean of Students.

**Written Warning.** Written warning in the form of an official reprimand that is formally communicated by a letter giving the student notice that any subsequent Policy violation will carry more serious sanctions.

**H. Remedies**

The Response Team will seek to identify long-term or permanent remedies to address the effects of the conduct on the Reporting Party, restore the Reporting Party’s safety and well-being, and maximize the Reporting Party’s educational and employment opportunities. Such remedies should seek to restore to the Reporting Party, to the extent possible, all benefits and opportunities lost as a result of the Prohibited Conduct. Response Team will also identify remedies to address the effects of the conduct on the College community.
The Response Team will consider the appropriateness of remedies, including Protective Measures, on an ongoing basis to assure the safety and well-being of the parties throughout the process. Long-term remedies may include extending or making permanent any Interim Protective Measures or implementing additional measures tailored to achieve the goals of the Policy. Many of the remedies and supports that a Reporting Party might need after a finding of responsibility will have already been provided as Interim Protective Measures, including but not limited to academic accommodations, short term counseling, and housing arrangements. The Response Team will, in all cases, consider whether there is a need for additional remedies. Additional remedies or supports may be included in the sanctions, such as reassignment or removal of the Responding Party from a class or a campus residence.

I. Hearing Process

The Hearing Process will generally be completed within ten (10) business days from the date of the request for a Hearing. As with all time frames in the Policy, this time frame may be extended for good cause with notice to the parties in writing.

1. Hearing Panel

Upon receipt of a Notice of Hearing, a Hearing Panel will be designated to review all relevant information gathered in the Investigation. A Hearing Panel is comprised of three (3) individuals, selected from a pool of trained individuals by the Response Team. Any individual designated by the College to serve on a Hearing Panel must have sufficient training or experience to serve in this capacity. A College student may not serve as a panelist. A Hearing Panel member may decline to participate on the basis of an actual conflict of interest, bias, or lack of impartiality. In addition to the Hearing Panel, a Hearing Chair, selected by the Response Team, will conduct and preside over the hearings. The Hearing Chair is not a voting member of
any Hearing Panel, but is available to provide consistency in process, informed understanding of Policy definitions, and guidance as to available sanctions; the Hearing Chair will also draft the Hearing Panel findings.

2. Pre-Hearing Meeting

As a first step, the Hearing Chair will meet separately with the investigator and each party to resolve pre-hearing concerns. At this pre-hearing meeting, the parties will each have the opportunity to identify the witnesses (who have already been identified to and interviewed by the investigator) they wish to call at the hearing; raise any challenge to the composition of the Hearing Panel based on bias, conflict of interest or lack of impartiality; and identify any evolving or new information not previously identified through the Investigation or available through the exercise of due diligence. The parties will also have the opportunity to address questions about the process. If not participating in the hearing, the Reporting Party is not required to attend this meeting.

Both parties have the ability to challenge a Hearing Panel member on the basis of an actual conflict of interest, bias, or lack of impartiality. The request must be submitted in writing or raised no later than the date of the pre-hearing meeting and must clearly state the grounds to support a claim of bias, conflict of interest, or an inability to be fair and impartial. Failure to object prior to the date of the pre-hearing meeting eliminates the possibility of appealing the outcome of the hearing based on the assertion that a member of the Hearing Panel had a conflict of interest, was biased, or lacked impartiality. The Hearing Chair shall decide if a member of the Hearing Panel is excused.

3. Hearing Procedures

The Hearing will take place in a closed session. At the Hearing, the investigator will be responsible for presenting the evidence supporting the Investigative Finding of a Policy violation. However, the Hearing Panel will make its own determination by a preponderance of the evidence whether a Policy violation
occurred. In reaching a determination, the Hearing Panel will solicit information from the investigator, the Reporting Party, the Responding Party, and any witnesses as appropriate to ensure a full assessment of the relevant facts. This information shall be provided in the presence of the parties, unless a party waives their right to participate.

During the hearing, each party may be accompanied by a Support Person and one additional person: an Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate. Subject to the discretion of the Hearing Chair, upon request, a party or witness may participate by telephone or videoconference from a different physical location or may request that a visual barrier be placed to limit the individual’s exposure to other hearing participants. Questions directed to the parties will be made through the Hearing Chair, who will screen them for relevance. Questions may be directed to the investigator. Similarly, the parties have the right to question witnesses; however, the Hearing Chair has the discretion to determine that the questions will be made through the Hearing Chair in cases where the Hearing Chair determines that questioning by the parties will be unduly intimidating or burdensome to a witness. In all such instances, the Hearing Chair may require measures to assure the integrity of the process.

The Hearing Panel will not review any Impact Statements unless a determination of a Policy violation is made. After a consideration of all of the relevant information, the Hearing Panel will make a determination by a preponderance of the evidence whether a Policy violation occurred. Preponderance of the evidence means that it is more likely than not that the conduct occurred. The Hearing Panel’s determination must be reached by a majority vote. If so, the Hearing Panel will also impose a sanction.

J. Notice of Hearing Outcome

Within five (5) business days of the conclusion of the Hearing, the College will provide a written Notice of Hearing Outcome to the Reporting Party and the Responding Party at the same time. The College will also provide written notice, at the same time to both parties, of any change in the Outcome that occurs before the
Outcome becomes final.

The Notice of Hearing Outcome will include the finding by the Hearing Panel as to whether there is a Policy violation, the rationale for the result, and a brief summary of the evidence on which the decision is based, as appropriate. Where there is a finding of a Policy violation, the Responding Party will be informed of any sanctions, the date by which the requirements must be satisfied (if applicable), and the consequences of failure to satisfy the requirements. The Reporting Party will be informed of any sanctions and remedies that directly relate to the Reporting Party, including information about the Responding Party’s presence on campus (or in a shared class or residence hall), that may help a Reporting Party make informed decisions or work with the College to eliminate Prohibited Conduct and prevent its recurrence.

The Notice of Hearing Outcome will also include information about the appeal process, including the available grounds for an appeal, the time frame for submitting an appeal, and the name of the Appeals Officer who will be assigned to review any appeal filed. If neither party seeks an appeal within three (3) business days of the Notice of Outcome, any sanction imposed by the Hearing Panel will take effect immediately.

K. Appeal/Review of Hearing Outcome

1. Appeal to the College

The Appeals Officer is an impartial decision-maker who serves as the President’s designee. It is typically a Vice President. Either party may appeal the Hearing Outcome only on the following grounds:

- A violation of procedural due process (material deviation from established procedures that would substantially affect the Outcome);

- Newly discovered information has been obtained that was not previously available during the Investigation or Adjudication Processes through the exercise of
due diligence, and this newly discovered information would substantially affect the Outcome.\footnote{The time frame for filing an appeal based on newly discovered information may be extended at the discretion of the Response Team where the evidence could not reasonably have been discovered within the time frame and compelling justification exists for its consideration.}

The parties may appeal the portions of the Hearing Outcome that directly relate to that party. Mere dissatisfaction with the Hearing Outcome is not a valid basis for appeal.

The appeal must be submitted in writing to the Appeals Officer within three (3) business days of the Notice of Hearing Outcome. The appeal shall consist of a plain, concise, and complete written statement outlining the grounds for appeal and all relevant information to substantiate the basis for the appeal. Receipt of the written appeal will be acknowledged in writing.

The Appeals Officer will assess the written appeal to determine whether the appeal is timely filed and, if so, whether the appeal is properly framed based on the two permissible grounds. If the Appeals Officer determines that the appeal does not properly fit within one of the two grounds, the appeal will be denied.

If the appeal is properly filed, each party will be given the opportunity to review the written appeal and respond to it in writing to the Appeals Officer. Any response by the opposing party must be submitted to the Appeals Officer within three (3) business days from being provided the appeal. If both parties file an appeal, the appeal documents from each party will be considered together in one appeal review process.

In any request for an appeal, the burden of proof lies with the party requesting the appeal, because the Hearing Outcome will be presumed to have been decided reasonably and appropriately. Appeals are not intended to be a rehearing of the matter. The scope of the appeal will be limited only to the two permissible grounds that have been accepted for review. Appeals are confined to a review of the written documentation or record of the original hearing and pertinent documentation regarding the grounds for appeal. The Appeals Officer will defer to the original Hearing
Panel, making changes to Hearing Panel’s findings only where there is clear error.

Depending on the basis of the requested appeal, the Appeals Officer may:

- Affirm the Outcome;
- Alter the Outcome;
- Return the matter to the Hearing Panel with instructions to reconvene to cure a procedural error or to assess the weight and impact of newly discovered information.
- Where the procedural error cannot be cured by returning the matter to the original Hearing Panel, convene a hearing before a newly constituted Hearing Panel.

The Appeals Officer will render a written decision on the appeal to both parties within ten (10) business days from the date of the submission of all appeal documents. Appeal decisions by the Appeals Officer are final with the exception of cases involving suspension or dismissal that allow for further appeal on specified grounds.

2. Further Review/Appeal in Matters of Suspension or Dismissal

Where the Appeal to the College affirms a Hearing Outcome that includes suspension or dismissal, either party may further appeal the Hearing Outcome to the President on the following grounds:

1) Violation of due process; and,
2) Material deviation from Policies adopted by the Board of Trustees.

If the President decides to review, a written decision will be made
within fifteen (15) business days from the date of the decision to review. The President may:

1. Affirm the decision;
2. Alter the decision;
3. Return the matter with instructions.

Any decision by the President is final.

L. Post-Resolution Follow Up

After a sanction or remedy is issued, the or Vice President for Student Affairs and Dean of Students will periodically contact the Reporting Party to ensure the Prohibited Conduct has ended and to determine if additional remedies are necessary and will contact the Responding Party to assure compliance with any sanctions that have been imposed. The Reporting Party may decline future contact. Any violation by a Responding Party of a sanction or protective measure imposed under the Policy or a failure by a College employee to provide a specified remedy should be reported to the Response Team.

The Reporting Party and Responding Party are encouraged to provide the Response Team with feedback about their experience with the process and recommendations regarding ways to improve the effectiveness of the campus’ implementation of the Policy.

M. ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

1. Role of the Support Person, Attorney, and Non-Attorney Advocate

At any meeting or hearing related to the resolution of a report under the Policy with the Reporting Party or Responding Party, the parties may have a Support Person present. In addition, the parties may have a second person present: an additional Support Person, a Non-Attorney Advocate, or, at the party’s own initiative and expense, an Attorney. The parties must provide three (3) business days advance notice to the staff member hosting the meeting (unless
the meeting is called on shorter notice) of the name and relationship
of any individual who will accompany them to a meeting, so that all
parties are aware of who will be present at any meeting.

a. **Support Person:**
A Reporting Party and Responding Party may also choose to be
assisted by a Support Person of their choice. A Support Person is
someone who can provide emotional, logistical, or other kinds of
assistance. The Support Person is a non-participant who is present
to assist a Reporting Party or Responding Party by taking notes,
providing emotional support and reassurance, organizing
documentation, or consulting directly with the party in a way that
does not disrupt or delay the proceeding. Once chosen by a student
to serve as a Support Person, the individual must meet with the
Hearing Coordinator in advance of any participation in the
proceedings to understand the expectations of the role, privacy
considerations, and appropriate decorum. The Support Person
cannot be a fact witness or provide testimony in the proceedings.

b. **Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate:**
A Reporting Party and a Responding Party may, at their own
initiative and expense, be assisted by an Attorney or Non-Attorney
Advocate. The Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate may
accompany the party to any investigative, administrative, or
adjudicative meeting or proceeding under the Policy that requires
the presence of the party including the hearing before the Hearing
Panel. The Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate must meet with the
Hearing Chair in advance of any participation in the proceedings to
understand the expectations of the role, privacy, and appropriate
decorum.
In order for an Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate to participate in
a hearing, the Reporting Party or Responding Party must complete
and submit an informational form to the Hearing Chair no later than
three (3) business days prior to the Hearing. Even if a party submits
this form authorizing the Indiana licensed Attorney or Non-Attorney
Advocate to receive information or documents regarding the party,
the College, its officials, and the members of the Hearing Panel will
at all times communicate and correspond directly with the party. It
is the party’s responsibility to communicate and share information
with the Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate.
When scheduling a hearing before the Hearing Panel in which a party has notified the College that an Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate plans to participate, the College will make reasonable efforts to accommodate the Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate’s schedule, while balancing the College’s commitment to a prompt and equitable process. The College will prioritize the availability of the parties, witnesses, and Hearing Panel members assigned to the matter when determining the date and time for the proceeding. Throughout the Investigation and Adjudication, the Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate may fully participate in the proceeding to the same extent afforded to the party the Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate represents. A party’s Attorney or Non-Attorney Advocate may not delay, disrupt, or otherwise interfere with the hearing procedures. A party’s inclusion of a Support Person, Attorney, or Non-Attorney Advocate is at the sole expense of the party.

2. External Agreements

The College will not recognize or enforce agreements between the parties outside of these procedures. The College will recognize, however, a lawfully issued protective order under Indiana law.

3. Records of Student Discipline and Effect of Withdrawal

The existence of a pending Investigation or Adjudication under the Policy will be noted as part of a student’s file. In addition, currently active sanctions of probation, suspension, or dismissal will be noted as part of a student’s file. In the event that a Responding Party chooses to withdraw from the College prior to the resolution of disciplinary charges under the Policy, the Responding Party’s file will be marked with the notation “Student Withdrew with Disciplinary Charges Pending.” In the event of a withdrawal, or where the Responding Party declines to participate in proceedings under the Policy, the Investigation and Hearing may proceed without the Responding Party. After
after withdrawing, the Responding Party will not be eligible to return to the College until the proceedings under the Policy have been finally concluded.

Records documenting disciplinary actions brought against students for violation of the Policy shall be maintained by appropriate offices, including the Office of Human Resources and The Division of Student Affairs, as part of a student disciplinary record separate from the transcript. Records will be retained for a period of seven (7) years from the date on which all appeal rights have expired or have been exhausted. In the event that a student remains at the College for longer than the seven (7)-year retention date, the Office of Human Resources will maintain relevant records of the report and resolution for as long as the student remains enrolled at the College. Thereafter, the records will be destroyed, unless destruction at the end of a lesser period shall be permitted in accordance with a disciplinary records retention policy adopted by the President. Disciplinary action involving dismissal, degree revocation, and negative notation on student’s file will be retained for a period of seven (7) years from the date on which all appeal rights have expired or have been exhausted, and thereafter destroyed, unless destruction at the end of a lesser period shall be permitted in accordance with a disciplinary records retention policy adopted by the President.
Definition of Key Terms from Policy on Prohibited Discrimination, Harassment and Related Misconduct Including Sexual and Gender-Based Harassment, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence and Stalking

Coercion
Includes conduct, intimidation, and express or implied threats of physical or emotional harm, that would reasonably place an individual in fear of immediate or future harm and that is employed to persuade or compel someone to engage in Sexual Contact. Examples of Coercion include causing the deliberate Incapacitation of another person; conditioning an academic benefit or employment advantage on submission to the Sexual Contact; threatening to harm oneself if the other party does not engage in Sexual Contact; or threatening to disclose an individual’s Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, Gender Expression, or other personal sensitive information if the other party does not engage in the Sexual Contact. Also see Force.

Complicity
Any act that knowingly aids, facilitates, promotes, or encourages the commission of prohibited conduct by another person.

Consent
The communication of an affirmative, conscious and freely-made decision by each participant to engage in agreed upon forms of Sexual Contact. Consent requires an outward demonstration, through understandable words or actions, that conveys a clear willingness to engage in Sexual Contact.

Consent is not to be inferred from silence, passivity, or a lack of resistance, and relying on non-verbal communication alone may result in a violation of this Policy. For example, a person who does not physically resist or verbally refuse Sexual Contact may not necessarily be giving Consent. There is no requirement that an individual verbally or physically resist
unwelcome Sexual Contact for there to be a violation of this Policy.

Consent is **not** to be inferred from an existing or previous dating or sexual relationship. Even in the context of a relationship, there must be mutual Consent to engage in Sexual Contact.

Consent to one form of Sexual Contact does **not** constitute Consent to any other form of Sexual Contact, nor does Consent to Sexual Contact with one person constitute Consent to Sexual Contact with any other person. Additionally, Consent to Sexual Contact on one occasion is not Consent to engage in Sexual Contact on another occasion.

Consent **cannot** be obtained by Coercion or Force or by taking advantage of one’s inability to give Consent because of Incapacitation or other circumstances. Coercion or Force and Incapacitation are described in more detail below.

A person who has given Consent to engage in Sexual Contact may withdraw Consent at any time. However, withdrawal of Consent requires an outward demonstration, through understandable words or actions, that clearly conveys that a party is no longer willing to engage in Sexual Contact.

Once Consent is withdrawn, the Sexual Contact must cease immediately.
Also see Incapacitation and the discussion of intoxication in the Policy on Prohibited Discrimination, Harassment and Related Misconduct Including Sexual and Gender-Based Harassment, Sexual Violence, Interpersonal Violence and Stalking.

**Discrimination**
Any unlawful distinction, preference, or detriment to an individual as compared to others that is based on an individual’s Protected Status and that is sufficiently serious to unreasonably interfere with or limit:
• An employee’s or applicant for employment’s access to employment or conditions and benefits of employment (e.g., hiring, advancement, assignment);
• A student’s or admission applicant’s ability to participate in, access, or benefit from educational programs, services, or activities (e.g., admission, academic standing, grades, assignment, campus housing);
• An authorized volunteer’s ability to participate in a volunteer activity; or
• A guest’s or visitor’s ability to participate in, access, or benefit from the College’s programs.

Discrimination includes failing to provide reasonable accommodations, consistent with state and federal law, to a qualified person with a disability.

**Force**
Includes conduct, intimidation, and express or implied threats of physical or emotional harm, that would reasonably place an individual in fear of immediate or future harm and that is employed to persuade or compel someone to engage in Sexual Contact. Examples of Force include causing the deliberate Incapacitation of another person; conditioning an academic benefit or employment advantage on submission to the Sexual Contact; threatening to harm oneself if the other party does not engage in Sexual Contact; or threatening to disclose an individual’s Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, Gender Expression, or other personal sensitive information if the other party does not engage in the Sexual Contact. Also see [Coercion](#).

**Harassment**
A type of Discrimination that occurs when verbal, physical, electronic, or other conduct based on an individual’s Protected Status interferes with that individual’s (a) educational environment (e.g., admission, academic standing, grades, assignment); (b) work environment (e.g., hiring, advancement, assignment); (c) participation in a College
program or activity (e.g., campus housing); or (d) receipt of legitimately-requested services (e.g., disability or religious accommodations), thereby creating Hostile Environment Harassment or Quid Pro Quo Harassment.

**Hostile Environment Harassment**

Unwelcome conduct based on Protected Status that is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it alters the conditions of education, employment, or participation in a College program or activity, thereby creating an environment that a reasonable person in similar circumstances and with similar identities would find hostile, intimidating, or abusive. An isolated incident, unless sufficiently severe, does not amount to Hostile Environment Harassment.

**Incapacitation**

An individual who is Incapacitated is unable to give Consent to Sexual Contact. States of Incapacitation include sleep, unconsciousness, intermittent consciousness, or any other state where the individual is unaware that Sexual Contact is occurring. Incapacitation may also exist because of a mental or developmental disability that impairs the ability to Consent to Sexual Contact. Alcohol or drug use is one of the prime causes of Incapacitation. Where alcohol or drug use is involved, Incapacitation is a state beyond intoxication, impairment in judgment, or “drunkenness.” Because the impact of alcohol or other drugs varies from person to person, evaluating whether an individual is Incapacitated, and therefore unable to give Consent, requires an assessment of whether the consumption of alcohol or other drugs has rendered the individual physically helpless or substantially incapable of:

- Making decisions about the potential consequences of Sexual Contact;
- Appraising the nature of one’s own conduct;
- Communicating Consent to Sexual Contact; or
- Communicating unwillingness to engage in Sexual Contact.
Interpersonal Violence

(commonly referred to as intimate partner violence, dating violence, domestic violence and relationship violence), can encompass a broad range of abusive behavior committed by a person who is or has been:

- In a romantic or intimate relationship with the Reporting Party (of the same or different sex);
- The Reporting Party’s spouse or partner (of the same or different sex);
- The Reporting Party’s family member; or
- The Reporting Party’s cohabitant or household member, including a roommate.

Whether there was such relationship will be gauged by its length, type, and frequency of interaction. Reports of Interpersonal Violence that do not involve one of these specified relationships or do not involve an individual’s Protected Status will be addressed through the student code of conduct.

Interpersonal Violence includes physical, sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions or threats of actions that a reasonable person in similar circumstances and with similar identities would find intimidating, frightening, terrorizing, or threatening. Such behaviors may include threats of violence to one’s self, one’s family member, or one’s pet.

Protected Status

Consistent with federal and state law, the College prohibits Discrimination and Harassment based on age, color, creed, disability, gender, gender expression, gender identity, genetic information, national origin, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, or veteran status.

- Age: The number of years from the date of a person’s birth. With respect to employment, individuals who are forty (40) years of age or older are protected from Discrimination and Harassment. There is no age threshold for students or other participants in educational
programs or activities.

- **Color:** An individual’s skin pigmentation, complexion, shade, or tone.

- **Creed:** A well-formed and thought-out set of beliefs held by more than one individual, which may not necessarily involve belief in a supreme being. The College will accommodate an individual’s observances and practices required by their creed, unless it is unable to reasonably accommodate an individual’s creed-required observance or practice without undue hardship.

- **Disability:** A person with a disability is any person who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; or has a record of such impairment; or is regarded as having such impairment. A qualified person with a disability must be able to perform the essential functions of the employment or volunteer position or the academic, athletic, or extra-curricular program, with or without reasonable accommodation.

- **Gender:** An individual’s socially-constructed status based on the behavioral, cultural, or psychological traits typically associated with societal attribution of masculinity and femininity, typically related to one’s assigned sex at birth.

- **Gender Expression:** How someone expresses gender through appearance, behavior, or mannerisms. A person’s Gender Expression may or may not be the same as the Gender Identity or assigned sex at birth.

- **Gender Identity:** The Gender with which an individual identifies psychologically, regardless of what Gender was assigned at birth.

- **Genetic Information:** Information about (i) an individual’s genetic tests, (ii) the genetic tests of family members of such individual, and (iii) the manifestation of a disease or disorder in family members of such
individual. Genetic Information includes, with respect to any individual, any request for, or receipt of, genetic services, or participation in clinical research that includes genetic services by such individual or any family member of such individual.

- **National Origin:** An individual’s actual or perceived country or ethnicity of origin.

- **Race:** An individual’s actual or perceived racial or ethnic ancestry or physical characteristics associated with a person’s race, such as a person’s color, hair, facial features, height, and weight.

- **Religion:** All aspects of religious observance and practice, as well as belief.

- **Sex:** An individual’s biological status of male or female, including pregnancy. Conduct of a sexual nature is by definition based on Sex as a Protected Status.

- **Sexual Orientation:** The inclination or capacity to develop intimate emotional, spiritual, physical, and/or sexual relationships with people of the same Sex or Gender, a different Sex or Gender, or irrespective of Sex or Gender.

- **Veteran Status:** Covered Veterans include Disabled Veterans, Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam era, and other protected Veterans as defined by federal and state law.

**Quid Pro Quo Harassment**

Unwelcome conduct based on Protected Status where submission to or rejection of such conduct is used, explicitly or implicitly, as the basis for decisions affecting an individual’s education, employment, or participation in a College program or activity.
**Reporting Party**
Any individual who may have been the subject of any Prohibited Conduct by an individual or organization covered under the Policy regardless of whether the Reporting Party makes a report or seeks action under the Policy

**Responding Party**
Any individual who has been accused of violating a policy

**Response Team**
A core group of administrators, who are responsible for the consistent application of the Policy. Members of the Response Team can help any College community member understand the Policy and the options for resolving concerns raised under this Policy in academic or work settings at the College. The Response Team will protect and safeguard the privacy of all individuals involved in a manner consistent with the need for a careful assessment of and response to the report. The Response Team will consist of a small “need to know” number of individuals. The Response team includes the Title IX Coordinator, Director of Security, Provost and Dean of the College, Vice President for Student Affairs and Dean of Students

**Retaliation**
Acts or words taken against an individual because of the individual’s participation in a protected activity that would discourage a reasonable person from engaging in protected activity.

Protected activity includes an individual’s good faith: (i) participation in the reporting, investigation, or resolution of an alleged violation of this Policy; (ii) opposition to policies, practices, or actions that the individual reasonably believes are in violation of the Policy; or (iii) requests for accommodations on the basis of religion or disability. Retaliation may include intimidation, threats, coercion, or adverse employment or educational actions. Retaliation may be found even when an underlying report made in good faith was not substantiated. Retaliation may be committed by the
Responding Party, the Reporting Party, or any other individual or group of individuals.

**Sexual Assault**
A form of Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment that involves having or attempting to have Sexual Contact with another individual without Consent.

**Sexual Contact**
Intentional touching or penetration of another person’s clothed or unclothed body, including but not limited to the mouth, neck, buttocks, anus, genitalia, or breast, by another with any part of the body or any object in a sexual manner. Sexual Contact also includes causing another person to touch their own or another’s body in the manner described above.

**Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment**
May include:

- Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal, physical, or electronic conduct of a sexual nature that creates a hostile, intimidating, or abusive environment;
- Verbal, physical, or electronic conduct based on Sex, Gender, Sexual Orientation, or sex- stereotyping that creates a hostile, intimidating, or abusive environment, even if those acts do not involve conduct of a sexual nature; or
- Harassment for exhibiting what is perceived as a stereotypical characteristic for one’s Sex or for failing to conform to stereotypical notions of masculinity and femininity, regardless of the actual or perceived Sex, Gender, Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, or Gender Expression of the individuals involved.

**Sexual Violence**
A form of Sexual or Gender-Based Harassment that involves
having or attempting to have Sexual Contact with another individual without Consent.

**Stalking**
Repeated, unwanted attention; physical, verbal, or electronic contact; or any other course of conduct directed at an individual that is sufficiently serious to cause physical, emotional, or psychological fear or to create a hostile, intimidating, or abusive environment for a reasonable person in similar circumstances and with similar identities. Stalking may involve individuals who are known to one another or who have a current or previous relationship or may involve individuals who are strangers.